STATE OF NEW YORK

S. 2230 A. 2388

2013-2014 Regular Sessions
S E N A T E - A S S E M B L Y
January 14, 2013

- IN SENATE -- Introduced by Sens. KLEIN, SMITH -- (at request of the Governor) -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Rules
- IN ASSEMBLY -- Introduced by M. of A. SILVER, LENTOL, ORTIZ, MORELLE, FARRELL, WEINSTEIN, CAMARA, HOOPER, O'DONNELL, TITONE, PAULIN, MOYA, GLICK, WRIGHT, SCHIMEL, GOTTFRIED, ROSENTHAL, KAVANAGH, STECK, WEPRIN -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABINANTI, BOYLAND, BRENNAN, BROOK-KRASNY, BUCHWALD, CASTRO, COLTON, DINOWITZ, ENGLEBRIGHT, ESPINAL, FAHY, JACOBS, JAFFEE, KELLNER, KIM, LAVINE, LIFTON, MARKEY, MAYER, MILLMAN, MOSLEY, OTIS, ROSA, ROZIC -- (at request of the Governor) -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes
- AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law, the correction law, the family court act, the executive law, the general business law, judiciary law, the mental hygiene law, the penal law and the surrogate's court procedure act, in relation to suspension and revocation of firearms licenses; private sale or disposal of firearms, rifles or shotguns and establishing a minimum age to possess a firearm; to amend the family court act, the domestic relations law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to providing for the mandatory suspension or revocation of the firearms license of a person against whom an order of protection or a temporary order of protection has been issued certain circumstances, or upon violation of any such order; to amend the penal law, in relation to community guns and the criminal sale of a firearm and in relation to the definitions of aggravated and first degree murder; to amend chapter 408 of the laws of 1999 constituting Kendra's Law, in relation to extending the expiration thereof; and to amend the education law, in relation to the New York state school safety improvement teams; and in relation to building aid for metal detectors and safety devices

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

LBD12007-03-3

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Section 1. Section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new subdivision 2-a to read as follows:

- 2-A. FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN SURRENDER ORDER. UPON ENTRY OF A 3 VERDICT OF NOT RESPONSIBLE BY REASON OF MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT, UPON THE ACCEPTANCE OF A PLEA OF NOT RESPONSIBLE BY REASON OF MENTAL DISEASE OR DEFECT, OR UPON A FINDING THAT THE DEFENDANT IS AN INCAPACI-7 TATED PERSON PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY OF THIS CHAPTER, THE COURT SHALL REVOKE THE DEFENDANT'S FIREARM LICENSE, IF ANY, THE DEFENDANT AS TO THE EXISTENCE AND LOCATION OF ANY FIREARM, RIFLE 10 OR SHOTGUN OWNED OR POSSESSED BY SUCH DEFENDANT AND DIRECT THE SURRENDER OF SUCH FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARA-11 GRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF 12 13 SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW.
- 14 S 2. The criminal procedure law is amended by adding a new section 15 380.96 to read as follows:
- 16 S 380.96 OBLIGATION OF SENTENCING COURT PURSUANT TO ARTICLE FOUR HUNDRED
 17 OF THE PENAL LAW.

18 UPON JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION OF ANY OFFENSE WHICH WOULD REQUIRE THE 19 SEIZURE OF FIREARMS, SHOTGUNS OR RIFLES FROM AN INDIVIDUAL SO CONVICTED, 20 AND THE REVOCATION OF ANY LICENSE OR REGISTRATION ISSUED PURSUANT TO 21 ARTICLE FOUR HUNDRED OF THE PENAL LAW, THE JUDGE PRONOUNCING SENTENCE 22 SHALL DEMAND SURRENDER OF ANY SUCH LICENSE OR REGISTRATION AND ALL 23 FIREARMS, SHOTGUNS AND RIFLES. THE FAILURE TO SO DEMAND SURRENDER SHALL NOT EFFECT THE VALIDITY OF ANY REVOCATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE FOUR 25 HUNDRED OF THE PENAL LAW.

- 26 S 3. Section 404 of the correction law is amended by adding a new 27 subdivision 3 to read as follows:
- 28 3. WITHIN A REASONABLE PERIOD PRIOR TO DISCHARGE OF AN INMATE COMMIT-29 TED FROM A STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITY FROM A HOSPITAL IN THE DEPARTMENT MENTAL HYGIENE TO THE COMMUNITY, THE DIRECTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT A CLINICAL ASSESSMENT HAS BEEN COMPLETED TO DETERMINE WHETHER 31 THE MEETS THE CRITERIA FOR ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PURSUANT TO SUBDI-32 VISION (C) OF SECTION 9.60 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW. IF, AS A RESULT 33 SUCH ASSESSMENT, THE DIRECTOR DETERMINES THAT THE INMATE MEETS SUCH 34 CRITERIA, PRIOR TO DISCHARGE THE DIRECTOR OF THE HOSPITAL SHALL EITHER PETITION FOR A COURT ORDER PURSUANT TO SECTION 9.60 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW, OR REPORT IN WRITING TO THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNIT IN WHICH THE INMATE IS EXPECTED TO RESIDE 38 THAT AN INVESTIGATION MAY BE CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 9.47 OF 39 40 THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW.
- S 4. Subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 842-a of the family court act, as added by chapter 644 of the laws of 1996, paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 434 of the laws of 2000, the opening paragraph of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 597 of the laws of 1998, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 635 of the laws of 1999, are amended to read as follows:
- 1. [Mandatory and permissive suspension] SUSPENSION of firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon the issuance of a temporary order of protection. Whenever a temporary order of protection is issued pursuant to section eight hundred twenty-eight of this article, OR PURSUANT TO ARTICLE FOUR, FIVE, SIX, SEVEN OR TEN OF THIS ACT:
- 53 (a) the court shall suspend any such existing license possessed by the 54 respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, and 55 order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH 56 ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION

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1 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed where

2 the court receives information that gives the court good cause to

3 believe that: (i) the respondent has a prior conviction of any violent

4 felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law; (ii) the

5 respondent has previously been found to have willfully failed to obey a

- 6 prior order of protection and such willful failure involved (A) the 7 infliction of [serious] physical injury, as defined in subdivision [ten] 8 NINE of section 10.00 of the penal law, (B) the use or threatened use of 9 a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument as those terms are defined in 10 subdivisions twelve and thirteen of section 10.00 of the penal law, or
- 11 (C) behavior constituting any violent felony offense as defined in 12 section 70.02 of the penal law; or (iii) the respondent has a prior
- 13 conviction for stalking in the first degree as defined in section 120.60
- 14 of the penal law, stalking in the second degree as defined in section 15 120.55 of the penal law, stalking in the third degree as defined in
- 16 section 120.50 of the penal law or stalking in the fourth degree as 17 defined in section 120.45 of such law; and
- (b) the court [may] SHALL where the court finds a substantial risk that the respondent may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully against the person or persons for whose protection the temporary order of protection is issued, suspend any such existing license possessed by the respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, and order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION
- 2. [Mandatory and permissive revocation] REVOCATION or suspension of firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon the issuance of an order of protection. Whenever an order of protection is issued pursuant to section eight hundred forty-one of this part, OR PURSUANT TO ARTICLE FOUR, FIVE, SIX, SEVEN OR TEN OF THIS ACT:

400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed.

- the court shall revoke any such existing license possessed by the 31 32 respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH 33 ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 34 35 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed where court finds that the conduct which resulted in the issuance of the 36 order of protection involved (i) the infliction of [serious] physical as defined in subdivision [ten] NINE of section 10.00 of the 38 39 penal law, (ii) the use or threatened use of a deadly weapon or danger-40 instrument as those terms are defined in subdivisions twelve and thirteen of section 10.00 of the penal law, or (iii) behavior constitut-41 42 ing any violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal 43 law; and
- 44 (b) the court [may] SHALL, where the court finds a substantial risk 45 that the respondent may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully 46 against the person or persons for whose protection the order of 47 protection is issued, (i) revoke any such existing license possessed by 48 the respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license and 49 order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 50 OF 51 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed or suspend or continue to suspend any such existing license possessed 52 by the respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, 53 order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARA-GRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX

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S. 2230 A. 2388 SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed.

- [Mandatory and permissive revocation] REVOCATION or suspension of firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon a finding of a willful failure to obey an order of protection OR TEMPORARY ORDER OF PROTECTION. Whenever a respondent has been found, pursuant to section eight hundred forty-six-a of this part to have willfully failed to obey an order of protection OR TEMPORARY ORDER OF PROTECTION issued PURSUANT TO THIS ACT OR THE DOMESTIC RELATIONS LAW, OR by this court or [an order of protection issued] by a court of competent jurisdiction in another state, territorial or tribal jurisdiction, in addition to any other remedies available pursuant to section eight hundred forty-six-a of this part:
- the court shall revoke any such existing license possessed by the respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, 16 order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed where the willful failure to obey such order involves (i) the infliction of [serious] physical injury, as defined in subdivision [ten] NINE of section 10.00 of the penal law, (ii) the use or threatened use of a 22 deadly weapon or dangerous instrument as those terms are defined in subdivisions twelve and thirteen of section 10.00 of the penal law, or (iii) behavior constituting any violent felony offense as defined section 70.02 of the penal law; or (iv) behavior constituting stalking in the first degree as defined in section 120.60 of the penal law, stalking in the second degree as defined in section 120.55 of the penal law, stalking in the third degree as defined in section 120.50 of the penal law or stalking in the fourth degree as defined in section 120.45 of such law; and
- (b) the court [may] SHALL where the court finds a substantial risk that the respondent may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully against the person or persons for whose protection the order of 34 protection was issued, (i) revoke any such existing license possessed by respondent, order the respondent ineligible for such a license, whether or not the respondent possesses such a license, and order 36 immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed or (ii) suspend 39 any such existing license possessed by the respondent, order 40 respondent ineligible for such a license, and order the immediate surrender of any or all firearms owned or possessed.
- 43 S 5. Section 846-a of the family court act, as amended by chapter 44 of the laws of 1998, is amended to read as follows:
- Powers on failure to obey order. If a respondent is brought 45 46 before the court for failure to obey any lawful order issued under this 47 article or an order of protection OR TEMPORARY ORDER OF PROTECTION issued PURSUANT TO THIS ACT OR ISSUED by a court of competent jurisdic-48 49 tion of another state, territorial or tribal jurisdiction [in a proceedand if, after hearing, the court is satisfied by competent proof 50 51 that the respondent has willfully failed to obey any such order, court may modify an existing order OR TEMPORARY ORDER OF PROTECTION to 52 53 add reasonable conditions of behavior to the existing order [of protection], make a new order of protection in accordance with section eight hundred forty-two OF THIS PART, may order the forfeiture of bail in a manner consistent with article five hundred forty of the criminal

S. 2230 A. 2388 1 procedure law if bail has been ordered pursuant to this act, may order the respondent to pay the petitioner's reasonable and necessary counsel fees in connection with the violation petition where the court finds that the violation of its order was willful, and may commit the respondent to jail for a term not to exceed six months. Such commitment may be served upon certain specified days or parts of days as the court may 7 direct, and the court may, at any time within the term of such sentence, revoke such suspension and commit the respondent for the remainder the original sentence, or suspend the remainder of such sentence. If the 10 court determines that the willful failure to obey such order involves violent behavior constituting the crimes of menacing, reckless endanger-11 ment, assault or attempted assault and if such a respondent is licensed 12 13 to carry, possess, repair and dispose of firearms pursuant to section 400.00 of the penal law, the court may also immediately revoke such 14 15 license and may arrange for the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARA-16 GRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDI-VISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, and disposal of any 17 If the willful failure to 18 firearm such respondent owns or possesses. obey such order involves the infliction of [serious] physical injury as 19 defined in subdivision [ten] NINE of section 10.00 of the penal law or 20 the use or threatened use of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument, as 21 22 those terms are defined in subdivisions twelve and thirteen of section 10.00 of the penal law, such revocation and immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 25 SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW SIX and disposal 26 of any firearm owned or possessed by respondent shall be mandatory,

28 S 6. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 446-a to 29 read as follows:

pursuant to subdivision eleven of section 400.00 of the penal law.

- 30 S 446-A. FIREARMS; SURRENDER AND LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION AND 31 INELIGIBILITY. UPON THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF PROTECTION OR TEMPORARY 32 ORDER OF PROTECTION, OR UPON A VIOLATION OF SUCH ORDER, THE COURT SHALL 33 MAKE A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF A 34 LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR FIREARMS, 35 INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS IN 36 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-TWO-A OF THIS ACT.
- 37 S 7. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 552 to 38 read as follows:
- 39 S 552. FIREARMS; SURRENDER AND LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION AND 40 INELIGIBILITY. UPON THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF PROTECTION OR TEMPORARY 41 ORDER OF PROTECTION, OR UPON A VIOLATION OF SUCH ORDER, THE COURT SHALL 42 MAKE A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF A 43 LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR FIREARMS, 44 INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS IN 45 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-TWO-A OF THIS ACT.
- S 8. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 656-a to 47 read as follows:
- S 656-A. FIREARMS; SURRENDER AND LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION AND INELIGIBILITY. UPON THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF PROTECTION OR TEMPORARY ORDER OF PROTECTION, OR UPON A VIOLATION OF SUCH ORDER, THE COURT SHALL MAKE A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF A LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR FIREARMS, INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS IN
- 53 INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARS 54 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-TWO-A OF THIS ACT.
- S 9. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 780-a to read as follows:

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- 1 S 780-A. FIREARMS; SURRENDER AND LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION AND
- INELIGIBILITY. UPON THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF PROTECTION OR TEMPORARY
- ORDER OF PROTECTION, OR UPON A VIOLATION OF SUCH ORDER, THE COURT SHALL
- MAKE A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF A LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR FIREARMS,
- INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS
- 7 ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-TWO-A OF THIS ACT.
- 10. The family court act is amended by adding a new section 1056-a 8
- 9 to read as follows:
- 10 S 1056-A. FIREARMS; SURRENDER AND LICENSE SUSPENSION, REVOCATION AND INELIGIBILITY. UPON THE ISSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF PROTECTION OR TEMPORARY 11
- ORDER OF PROTECTION, OR UPON A VIOLATION OF SUCH ORDER, THE COURT SHALL 12
- 13 MAKE AN ORDER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-TWO-A OF 14 THIS ACT.
- 15 S 11. The first undesignated and closing paragraphs of subdivision 3 16 of section 240 of the domestic relations law, as added by chapter 606 of
- the laws of 1999, are amended to read as follows: 17 G. Any party moving for a temporary order of protection pursuant to 18 19 this subdivision during hours when the court is open shall be entitled
- 20 to file such motion or pleading containing such prayer for emergency relief on the same day that such person first appears at such court, and 21
- 22 a hearing on the motion or portion of the pleading requesting such emer-
- gency relief shall be held on the same day or the next day that the
- 24 court is in session following the filing of such motion or pleading.
- 25 Upon issuance of an order of protection or temporary order of 26 protection or upon a violation of such order, the court [may] SHALL make
- [an order] A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCATION OF A 27
- 28 LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR FIREARMS,
- 29 INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS
- accordance with [section] SECTIONS eight hundred forty-two-a AND EIGHT
- HUNDRED FORTY-SIX-A of the family court act [directing the surrender of 31
- 32 firearms, revoking or suspending a party's firearms license, and/or
- directing that such party be incligible to receive a firearms license], 33
- AS APPLICABLE. Upon issuance of an order of protection pursuant to this 35 section or upon a finding of a violation thereof, the court also may
- direct payment of restitution in an amount not to exceed ten thousand 36
- dollars in accordance with subdivision (e) of section eight hundred
- forty-one of such act; provided, however, that in no case shall an order 38
- 39 of restitution be issued where the court determines that the party
- against whom the order would be issued has already compensated the 40
- injured party or where such compensation is incorporated in a final 41
- 42 judgment or settlement of the action.
- 43 S 12. Subdivision 9 of section 252 of the domestic relations law, 44 added by chapter 606 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as follows:
- 45 Upon issuance of an order of protection or temporary order of
- 46 protection or upon a violation of such order, the court [may take an
- 47 order] SHALL MAKE A DETERMINATION REGARDING THE SUSPENSION AND REVOCA-
- 48 TION OF A LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM OR
- 49 FIREARMS, INELIGIBILITY FOR SUCH A LICENSE AND THE SURRENDER OF FIREARMS
- 50 accordance with [section] SECTIONS eight hundred forty-two-a AND
- 51 EIGHT HUNDRED FORTY-SIX-A of the family court act [directing the surren-
- der of firearms, revoking or suspending a party's firearms license, 52
- and/or directing that such party be ineligible to receive a firearms 53
- 54 license], AS APPLICABLE. Upon issuance of an order of protection pursu-
- 55 ant to this section or upon a finding of a violation thereof, the court
- also may direct payment of restitution in an amount not to exceed ten

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S. 2230 A. 2388 1 thousand dollars in accordance with subdivision (e) of section eight hundred forty-one of such act; provided, however, that in no case shall order of restitution be issued where the court determines that the party against whom the order would be issued has already compensated the injured party or where such compensation is incorporated in a final

[judgement] JUDGMENT or settlement of the action.

S 13. The opening paragraph and paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 section 530.14 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 644 of the laws of 1996, are amended to read as follows:

[Mandatory and permissive suspension] SUSPENSION of firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon issuance of temporary order of protection. Whenever a temporary order of protection is issued pursuant to subdivision one of section 530.12 or subdivision one of section 530.13 of this article:

- [may] SHALL where the court finds a substantial risk the court that the defendant may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully against the person or persons for whose protection the temporary order of protection is issued, suspend any such existing license possessed by the defendant, order the defendant ineligible for such a license and order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed.
- S 14. The opening paragraph and paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 of section 530.14 of the criminal procedure law, as added by chapter 644 of the laws of 1996, are amended to read as follows:

[Mandatory and permissive revocation] REVOCATION or suspension of firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon issuance an order of protection. Whenever an order of protection is issued pursuant to subdivision five of section 530.12 or subdivision four of section 530.13 of this article:

- [may] SHALL where the court finds a substantial risk the court that the defendant may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully against the person or persons for whose protection the order of 34 protection is issued, (i) revoke any such existing license possessed by 35 defendant, order the defendant ineligible for such a license and order the immediate surrender of any or all firearms owned or possessed 36 (ii) suspend or continue to suspend any such existing license possessed by the defendant, order the defendant ineligible for such a license and order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) 40 OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX 41 SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed.
- 43 S 15. The opening paragraph and paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of 44 section 530.14 of the criminal procedure law, the opening paragraph as amended by chapter 597 of the laws of 1998 and paragraph (b) as added by 45 46 chapter 644 of the laws of 1996, are amended to read as follows:

47 [Mandatory and permissive revocation] REVOCATION or suspension of 48 firearms license and ineligibility for such a license upon a finding of 49 a willful failure to obey an order of protection. Whenever a defendant has been found pursuant to subdivision eleven of section 530.12 or 50 51 subdivision eight of section 530.13 of this article to have willfully failed to obey an order of protection issued by a court of competent 52 53 jurisdiction in this state or another state, territorial or tribal 54 in addition to any other remedies available pursuant to jurisdiction, subdivision eleven of section 530.12 or subdivision eight of section 530.13 of this article:

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- 1 (b) the court [may] SHALL where the court finds a substantial risk that the defendant may use or threaten to use a firearm unlawfully against the person or persons for whose protection the order of protection was issued, (i) revoke any such existing license possessed by the defendant, order the defendant ineligible for such a license and order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH 7 SUBDIVISION A OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE PENAL LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed or (ii) suspend any such existing license possessed by the defendant, order 10 defendant ineligible for such a license and order the immediate surrender PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A 11 OF SECTION 265.20 AND SUBDIVISION SIX OF SECTION 400.05 OF THE 12 13 LAW, of any or all firearms owned or possessed.
- 14 S 16. Section 837 of the executive law is amended by adding a new 15 subdivision 19 to read as follows:
- 19. RECEIVE NAMES AND OTHER NON-CLINICAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION
 PURSUANT TO SECTION 9.46 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW; PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
 ANY SUCH INFORMATION SHALL BE DESTROYED FIVE YEARS AFTER SUCH RECEIPT,
 OR PURSUANT TO A PROCEEDING BROUGHT UNDER ARTICLE SEVENTY-EIGHT OF THE
 CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES DETERMINING THAT AN INDIVIDUAL IS ELIGIBLE
 FOR A LICENSE PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW AND OTHERWISE
 PERMITTED TO POSSESS A FIREARM.
- 23 S 17. The general business law is amended by adding a new article 24 39-DDD to read as follows:

ARTICLE 39-DDD

PRIVATE SALE OR DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS, RIFLES AND SHOTGUNS SECTION 898. PRIVATE SALE OR DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS, RIFLES AND SHOTGUNS.

- S 898. PRIVATE SALE OR DISPOSAL OF FIREARMS, RIFLES AND SHOTGUNS. 1. IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO STATE AND FEDERAL LAW, ALL SALES, EXCHANGES OR DISPOSALS OF FIREARMS, RIFLES OR SHOTGUNS SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION UNLESS SUCH SALE, EXCHANGE OR DISPOSAL IS CONDUCTED BY A LICENSED IMPORTER, LICENSED MANUFACTURER OR LICENSED DEALER, AS THOSE TERMS ARE DEFINED IN 18 USC S 922, WHEN SUCH SALE, EXCHANGE OR DISPOSAL IS CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THAT PERSON'S FEDERAL FIREARMS LICENSE OR SUCH SALE, EXCHANGE OR DISPOSAL IS BETWEEN MEMBERS OF AN IMMEDIATE FAMILY. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "IMMEDIATE FAMILY" SHALL MEAN SPOUSES, DOMESTIC PARTNERS, CHILDREN AND STEP-CHIL-
- 2. BEFORE ANY SALE, EXCHANGE OR DISPOSAL PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE, A
 40 NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK MUST BE COMPLETED BY A DEALER
 41 WHO CONSENTS TO CONDUCT SUCH CHECK, AND UPON COMPLETION OF SUCH BACK42 GROUND CHECK, SHALL COMPLETE A DOCUMENT, THE FORM OF WHICH SHALL BE
 43 APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE, THAT IDENTIFIES AND
 44 CONFIRMS THAT SUCH CHECK WAS PERFORMED.
- 3. ALL DEALERS SHALL MAINTAIN A RECORD OF SUCH TRANSACTIONS CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SUCH RECORD SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE PREMISES MENTIONED AND DESCRIBED IN THE LICENSE AND SHALL BE OPEN AT ALL REASONABLE HOURS FOR INSPECTION BY ANY PEACE OFFICER, ACTING PURSUANT TO HIS OR HER SPECIAL DUTIES, OR POLICE OFFICER.
- 4. A DEALER MAY REQUIRE THAT ANY SALE OR TRANSFER CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION BE SUBJECT TO A FEE OF NOT TO EXCEED TEN DOLLARS PER TRANSACTION.
- 53 5. ANY RECORD PRODUCED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND ANY TRANSMISSION THEREOF TO ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED A PUBLIC RECORD
- 55 FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC OFFICERS LAW.

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- 1 6. ANY PERSON WHO KNOWINGLY VIOLATES THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ARTICLE 2 SHALL BE GUILTY OF A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED FOR IN 3 THE PENAL LAW.
 - S 18. Paragraph (q) of subdivision 2 of section 212 of the judiciary law, as added by chapter 491 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 7 Adopt rules to require transmission, to the criminal justice 8 information services division of the federal bureau of investigation 9 to the division of criminal justice services, of the name and other identifying information of each person who has a guardian appointed for 10 11 or her pursuant to any provision of state law, based on a determi-12 nation that as a result of marked subnormal intelligence, mental 13 illness, incapacity, condition or disease, he or she lacks the mental capacity to contract or manage his or her own affairs. ANY SUCH RECORDS 14 15 TRANSMITTED DIRECTLY TO THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION MUST ALSO BE 16 TRANSMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, 17 RECEIVED BY THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH MAY BE CHECKED AGAINST THE STATEWIDE LICENSE 18 19 RECORD DATABASE.
- 20 19. Subdivision (j) of section 7.09 of the mental hygiene law, as added by chapter 491 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows: 21 22 (j) (1) The commissioner, in cooperation with other applicable state 23 agencies, shall [be authorized to] collect, retain or modify data or records, [or to] AND SHALL transmit such data or records: (I) to the 24 25 division of criminal justice services, or to the criminal justice infor-26 mation services division of the federal bureau of investigation, for the 27 purposes of responding to gueries to the national instant criminal back-28 ground check system regarding attempts to purchase or otherwise take possession of firearms, as defined in 18 USC 921(a)(3), in accordance with applicable federal laws or regulations, OR (II) TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, WHICH MAY RE-DISCLOSE SUCH DATA 31 32 ONLY FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 THE PENAL LAW SHOULD BE DENIED, SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, UNDER SUBDIVI-33 SION ELEVEN OF SUCH SECTION, OR FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A PERSON IS 34 35 LONGER PERMITTED UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE LAW TO POSSESS A FIREARM. records, WHICH MAY NOT BE USED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE, shall include only 36 names and other non-clinical identifying information of persons who have 38 been involuntarily committed to a hospital pursuant to article nine of 39 this chapter, OR SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWO OR SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED EIGHT OF THE CORRECTION LAW, or article seven hundred thir-40 ty or section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law or sections 322.2 41 42 353.4 of the family court act, or to a secure treatment facility pursu-43 ant to article ten of this chapter.
- 44 (2) The commissioner shall establish within the office of mental 45 health an administrative process to permit a person who has been or may 46 be disqualified from possessing such a firearm pursuant to 18 47 922(4)(d) OR WHO HAS BEEN OR MAY BE DISQUALIFIED FROM CONTINUING TO HAVE 48 A LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR, OR DISPOSE OF A FIREARM UNDER 49 SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW BECAUSE SUCH PERSON WAS INVOLUNTARILY COMMITTED OR CIVILLY CONFINED TO A FACILITY UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF 50 THE COMMISSIONER, to petition for relief from that disability where such 52 person's record and reputation are such that such person will not 53 likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety and where the 54 granting of the relief would not be contrary to public safety. commissioner shall promulgate regulations to establish the relief from disabilities program, which shall include, but not be limited to,

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provisions providing for: (i) an opportunity for a disqualified person to petition for relief in writing; (ii) the authority for the agency to require that the petitioner undergo a clinical evaluation and risk assessment; and (iii) a requirement that the agency issue a decision in writing explaining the reasons for a denial or grant of relief. The denial of a petition for relief from disabilities may be reviewed de novo pursuant to the proceedings under article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

- 9 S 20. The mental hygiene law is amended by adding a new section 9.46 10 to read as follows:
- 11 S 9.46 REPORTS OF SUBSTANTIAL RISK OR THREAT OF HARM BY MENTAL HEALTH
 12 PROFESSIONALS.
- 13 (A) FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "MENTAL HEALTH PROFES-14 SIONAL" SHALL INCLUDE A PHYSICIAN, PSYCHOLOGIST, REGISTERED NURSE OR 15 LICENSED CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER.
- 16 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW TO THE CONTRARY, WHEN A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL CURRENTLY PROVIDING TREATMENT SERVICES TO A 17 IN THE EXERCISE OF REASONABLE PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT, THAT 18 SUCH PERSON IS LIKELY TO ENGAGE IN CONDUCT THAT WOULD RESULT IN SERIOUS 19 TO SELF OR OTHERS, HE OR SHE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO REPORT, AS SOON 20 AS PRACTICABLE, TO THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES, OR THE DIRECTOR'S 21 22 DESIGNEE, WHO SHALL REPORT TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES WHENEVER HE OR SHE AGREES THAT THE PERSON IS LIKELY TO ENGAGE IN SUCH INFORMATION TRANSMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE 24 CONDUCT. 25 SERVICES SHALL BE LIMITED TO NAMES AND OTHER NON-CLINICAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION, WHICH MAY ONLY BE USED FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A 26 ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW SHOULD BE SUSPENDED 27 28 OR REVOKED, OR FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A PERSON IS INELIGIBLE FOR A 29 ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, OR IS NO 30 LONGER PERMITTED UNDER STATE OR FEDERAL LAW TO POSSESS A FIREARM.
- 31 (C) NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO REQUIRE A MENTAL 32 HEALTH PROFESSIONAL TO TAKE ANY ACTION WHICH, IN THE EXERCISE OF REASON-33 ABLE PROFESSIONAL JUDGMENT, WOULD ENDANGER SUCH MENTAL HEALTH PROFES-34 SIONAL OR INCREASE THE DANGER TO A POTENTIAL VICTIM OR VICTIMS.
- 35 (D) THE DECISION OF A MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL TO DISCLOSE OR NOT TO 36 DISCLOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION, WHEN MADE REASONABLY AND IN 37 GOOD FAITH, SHALL NOT BE THE BASIS FOR ANY CIVIL OR CRIMINAL LIABILITY 38 OF SUCH MENTAL HEALTH PROFESSIONAL.
- 39 S 21. Paragraph 5 of subdivision (b) of section 9.47 of the mental 40 hygiene law is renumbered paragraph 7 and two new paragraphs 5 and 6 are 41 added to read as follows:
- 42 (5) ENSURING EVALUATION OF THE NEED FOR ONGOING ASSISTED OUTPATIENT 43 TREATMENT PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (K) OF SECTION 9.60 OF THIS ARTICLE 44 PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF ANY ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT ORDER;
- 45 IF HE OR SHE HAS BEEN ORDERED TO PROVIDE FOR OR ARRANGE FOR 46 ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH FIVE OF SUBDIVISION 47 SECTION 9.60 OF THIS ARTICLE OR BECAME THE APPROPRIATE DIRECTOR 48 PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH OR SUBDIVISION (C) OF SECTION 9.48 OF 49 ARTICLE, NOTIFYING THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES OF THE NEW COUNTY THAT AN ASSISTED OF RESIDENCE WHEN HE OR SHE HAS REASON TO BELIEVE 50 OUTPATIENT HAS OR WILL CHANGE HIS OR HER COUNTY OF RESIDENCE DURING THE 52 PENDENCY OF AN ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT ORDER. UPON SUCH CHANGE OF RESIDENCE, THE DIRECTOR OF THE NEW COUNTY OF RESIDENCE SHALL BECOME 53 APPROPRIATE DIRECTOR, AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 9.60 OF THIS 55 ARTICLE; AND

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- 1 S 22. Section 9.48 of the mental hygiene law is amended by adding a 2 new subdivision (c) to read as follows:
- 3 DIRECTORS OF ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PROGRAMS PROVIDING SERVICES DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION THIS ARTICLE PURSUANT TO ANY COURT ORDER ISSUED UNDER SUCH SECTION 5 SHALL EVALUATE THE NEED FOR ONGOING ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PURSU-7 ANT TO SUBDIVISION (K) OF SECTION 9.60 OF THIS ARTICLE PRIOR EXPIRATION OF ANY ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT ORDER; AND SHALL NOTIFY THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES OF THE NEW COUNTY OF RESIDENCE 10 OR SHE HAS REASON TO BELIEVE THAT AN ASSISTED OUTPATIENT HAS OR WILL CHANGE HIS OR HER COUNTY OF RESIDENCE DURING THE PENDENCY OF AN ASSISTED 11 OUTPATIENT TREATMENT ORDER. UPON SUCH CHANGE OF RESIDENCE, THE DIRECTOR 12 13 OF THE NEW COUNTY OF RESIDENCE SHALL BECOME THE APPROPRIATE DIRECTOR, AS SUCH TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 9.60 OF THIS ARTICLE. 14
- S 23. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a), paragraphs 2 and 5 of subdivi-16 sion (j) and subdivisions (k) and (n) of section 9.60 of the mental 17 hygiene law, as amended by chapter 158 of the laws of 2005, are amended 18 to read as follows:
- 19 (3) "director of community services" and "local governmental unit"
 20 shall have the same meanings as provided in article forty-one of this
 21 chapter. THE "APPROPRIATE DIRECTOR" SHALL MEAN THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNI22 TY SERVICES OF THE COUNTY WHERE THE ASSISTED OUTPATIENT RESIDES, EVEN IF
 23 IT IS A DIFFERENT COUNTY THAN THE COUNTY WHERE THE ASSISTED OUTPATIENT
 24 TREATMENT ORDER WAS ORIGINALLY ISSUED.
 - (2) If after hearing all relevant evidence, the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the subject of the petition meets the criteria for assisted outpatient treatment, and there is no appropriate and feasible less restrictive alternative, the court may order the subject to receive assisted outpatient treatment for an initial period not to exceed [six months] ONE YEAR. In fashioning the order, the court shall specifically make findings by clear and convincing evidence that the proposed treatment is the least restrictive treatment appropriate and feasible for the subject. The order shall state an assisted outpatient treatment plan, which shall include all categories of assisted outpatient treatment, as set forth in paragraph one of subdivision (a) of this section, which the assisted outpatient is to receive, but shall not include any such category that has not been recommended in both the proposed written treatment plan and the testimony provided to the court pursuant to subdivision (i) of this section.
 - (5) If the petitioner is the director of a hospital that operates an assisted outpatient treatment program, the court order shall direct the hospital director to provide or arrange for all categories of assisted outpatient treatment for the assisted outpatient throughout the period of the order. [For all other persons] IN ALL OTHER INSTANCES, the order shall require the APPROPRIATE director [of community services of the appropriate local governmental unit], AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION, to provide or arrange for all categories of assisted outpatient treatment for the assisted outpatient throughout the period of the order.
- (k) Petition for additional periods of treatment. (1) PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF AN ORDER PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE APPROPRIATE DIRECTOR SHALL REVIEW WHETHER THE ASSISTED OUTPATIENT CONTINUES TO MEET THE CRITERIA FOR ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT. IF, AS DOCUMENTED IN THE PETITION, THE DIRECTOR DETERMINES THAT SUCH CRITERIA CONTINUE TO BE MET OR HAS MADE APPROPRIATE ATTEMPTS TO, BUT HAS NOT BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN ELICITING, THE COOPERATION OF THE SUBJECT TO SUBMIT TO AN EXAMINATION,

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1 WITHIN THIRTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF AN ORDER OF ASSISTED 2 OUTPATIENT TREATMENT, SUCH DIRECTOR MAY PETITION THE COURT TO ORDER 3 CONTINUED ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH TWO OF 4 THIS SUBDIVISION. UPON DETERMINING WHETHER SUCH CRITERIA CONTINUE TO BE

- 5 MET, SUCH DIRECTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE PROGRAM COORDINATOR IN WRITING AS TO 6 WHETHER A PETITION FOR CONTINUED ASSISTED OUTPATIENT TREATMENT IS 7 WARRANTED AND WHETHER SUCH A PETITION WAS OR WILL BE FILED.
- (2) Within thirty days prior to the expiration of an order of assisted 8 outpatient treatment, the appropriate director or the current petition-9 10 er, if the current petition was filed pursuant to subparagraph (i) 11 of paragraph one of subdivision (e) of this section, and the 12 current petitioner retains his or her original status pursuant 13 applicable subparagraph, may petition the court to order continued assisted outpatient treatment for a period not to exceed one year from 14 15 the expiration date of the current order. If the court's disposition of 16 such petition does not occur prior to the expiration date of the current 17 order, the current order shall remain in effect until such disposition. The procedures for obtaining any order pursuant to this subdivision 18 19 shall be in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing subdivisions 20 of this section; provided that the time restrictions included in paragraph four of subdivision (c) of this section shall not be applicable. 21 22 The notice provisions set forth in paragraph six of subdivision (j) this section shall be applicable. Any court order requiring periodic 23 24 blood tests or urinalysis for the presence of alcohol or illegal 25 shall be subject to review after six months by the physician who devel-26 oped the written treatment plan or another physician designated by the 27 director, and such physician shall be authorized to terminate such blood
- 28 tests or urinalysis without further action by the court. (n) Failure to comply with assisted outpatient treatment. Where in the 29 30 judgment of a physician, (i) the assisted outpatient, has failed or refused to comply with the assisted outpatient treatment, (ii) 31 32 efforts were made to solicit compliance, and (iii) such assisted outpatient may be in need of involuntary admission to a hospital pursuant to 33 section 9.27 of this article or immediate observation, care and treat-34 35 ment pursuant to section 9.39 or 9.40 of this article, such physician may request the APPROPRIATE director of community services, 36 the director's designee, or any physician designated by the director of community services pursuant to section 9.37 of this article, to direct the removal 38 39 of such assisted outpatient to an appropriate hospital for an examina-40 tion to determine if such person has a mental illness for which hospitalization is necessary pursuant to section 9.27, 9.39 or 9.40 of this 41 42 article. Furthermore, if such assisted outpatient refuses to take medi-43 cations as required by the court order, or he or she refuses to take, or 44 fails a blood test, urinalysis, or alcohol or drug test as required by 45 the court order, such physician may consider such refusal or 46 when determining whether the assisted outpatient is in need of an exam-47 ination to determine whether he or she has a mental illness for which 48 hospitalization is necessary. Upon the request of such physician, the 49 APPROPRIATE director, the director's designee, or any physician designated pursuant to section 9.37 of this article, may direct peace offi-50 51 cers, acting pursuant to their special duties, or police officers who are members of an authorized police department or force or of a sher-52 53 iff's department to take the assisted outpatient into custody and transport him or her to the hospital operating the assisted outpatient treatment program or to any hospital authorized by the director of community services to receive such persons. Such law enforcement officials shall

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1 carry out such directive. Upon the request of such physician, the APPRO-PRIATE director, the director's designee, or any physician designated pursuant to section 9.37 of this article, an ambulance service, as defined by subdivision two of section three thousand one of the public health law, or an approved mobile crisis outreach team as defined section 9.58 of this article shall be authorized to take into custody 7 and transport any such person to the hospital operating the assisted outpatient treatment program, or to any other hospital authorized by the APPROPRIATE director of community services to receive such persons. Any 10 director of community services, or designee, shall be authorized direct the removal of an assisted outpatient who is present in his or 11 her county to an appropriate hospital, in accordance with the provisions 12 13 of this subdivision, based upon a determination of the appropriate director of community services directing the removal of such assisted 14 15 outpatient pursuant to this subdivision. Such person may be retained for 16 observation, care and treatment and further examination in the hospital 17 up to seventy-two hours to permit a physician to determine whether 18 such person has a mental illness and is in need of involuntary care and 19 treatment in a hospital pursuant to the provisions of this article. Any 20 continued involuntary retention in such hospital beyond the initial seventy-two hour period shall be in accordance with the provisions of 21 22 this article relating to the involuntary admission and retention of a person. If at any time during the seventy-two hour period the person is 24 determined not to meet the involuntary admission and 25 provisions of this article, and does not agree to stay in the hospital 26 as a voluntary or informal patient, he or she must be released. to comply with an order of assisted outpatient treatment shall not be 27 28 grounds for involuntary civil commitment or a finding of contempt of 29 court.

30 S 24. Subdivision (g) of section 13.09 of the mental hygiene law, as 31 amended by chapter 168 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as 32 follows:

33 (q) (1) The commissioner, in cooperation with other applicable state agencies, shall [be authorized to] collect, retain or modify data or 34 35 records, [er to] AND SHALL transmit such data or records to: (I) the division of criminal justice services, or to the criminal justice infor-36 mation services division of the federal bureau of investigation, for the purposes of responding to queries to the national instant criminal back-38 39 ground check system regarding attempts to purchase or otherwise take 40 possession of firearms, as defined in 18 USC 921(a)(3), in accordance 41 with applicable federal laws or regulations, OR (II) TO THE DIVISION 42 CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, FOR THE PURPOSES OF DETERMINING WHETHER A 43 LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW SHOULD 44 SUSPENDED OR REVOKED, UNDER SUBDIVISION ELEVEN OF SUCH SECTION, OR FOR DETERMINING WHETHER A PERSON IS NO LONGER PERMITTED UNDER FEDERAL 45 46 OR STATE LAW TO POSSESS A FIREARM. Such records shall include only 47 names and other non-clinical identifying information of persons who have 48 had a guardian appointed for them pursuant to any provision of state 49 law, based on a determination that as a result of marked subnormal 50 intelligence, mental illness, incapacity, condition or disease, they lack the mental capacity to contract or manage their own affairs, 52 persons who have been involuntarily committed to a facility pursuant to article fifteen of this chapter, or article seven hundred thirty 53 section 330.20 of the criminal procedure law or sections 322.2 or 353.4 of the family court act.

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1 (2) The commissioner shall establish within the office for people with developmental disabilities an administrative process to permit a person has been or may be disqualified from possessing such a firearm pursuant to 18 USC 922(4)(d), OR WHO HAS BEEN OR MAY BE DISQUALIFIED FROM CONTINUING TO HAVE A LICENSE TO CARRY, POSSESS, REPAIR, OR DISPOSE 6 OF A FIREARM UNDER SECTION 400.00 OF THE PENAL LAW BECAUSE SUCH PERSON 7 INVOLUNTARILY COMMITTED OR CIVILLY CONFINED TO A FACILITY UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF THE COMMISSIONER, to petition for relief from that disability where such person's record and reputation are such that such person will not be likely to act in a manner dangerous to public safety 10 11 and where the granting of the relief would not be contrary to public 12 commissioner shall promulgate regulations to establish the The 13 relief from disabilities program, which shall include, but not be limited to, provisions providing for: (i) an opportunity for a disqualified 14 15 person to petition for relief in writing; (ii) the authority for the agency to require that the petitioner undergo a clinical evaluation and 17 risk assessment; and (iii) a requirement that the agency issue a decision in writing explaining the reasons for a denial or grant of relief. 18 19 The denial of a petition for relief from disabilities may be reviewed de 20 novo pursuant to the proceedings under article seventy-eight of the 21 civil practice law and rules.

- S 25. Paragraph 12 of subdivision (c) of section 33.13 of the mental hygiene law, as amended by chapter 158 of the laws of 2005, is amended and a new paragraph 15 is added to read as follows:
- 12. to a director of community services as defined in article nine of this chapter or his OR HER designee, provided that such director or his or her designee (I) requests such information in the exercise of his or her statutory functions, powers and duties pursuant to section 9.37, 9.45, 9.47, 9.48, 9.60 or 41.13 of this chapter; OR (II) THE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION IS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 9.46 OF THIS CHAPTER.
- 15. TO THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, NAMES AND OTHER NON-CLINICAL IDENTIFYING INFORMATION FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF IMPLEMENT- ING THE DIVISION'S RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES UNDER SECTIONS 400.00 AND 400.02 OF THE PENAL LAW.
- 35 S 26. Section 10.00 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subdi-36 vision 21 to read as follows:
- 37 TRAFFICKING FELONY" MEANS ANY OF THE FOLLOWING OFFENSES DEFINED IN ARTICLE TWO HUNDRED TWENTY OF THIS CHAPTER: VIOLATION OF 38 A CHILD TO COMMIT A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN 39 SECTION 220.28; CRIMINAL SALE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN THE FOURTH 40 AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.34; CRIMINAL SALE OF A CONTROLLED 41 DEGREE 42 SUBSTANCE IN THE THIRD DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.39; CRIMINAL 43 OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN THE SECOND DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.41; CRIMINAL SALE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN THE 45 AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.43; CRIMINAL SALE OF A CONTROLLED 46 SUBSTANCE IN OR NEAR SCHOOL GROUNDS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.44; UNLAW-47 FUL MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE IN THE SECOND DEGREE AS DEFINED 48 SECTION 220.74; UNLAWFUL MANUFACTURE OF METHAMPHETAMINE IN THE FIRST 49 DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.75; OR OPERATING AS A MAJOR AS DEFINED IN SECTION 220.77. 50
- S 26-a. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 60.11-a to 52 read as follows:
- 53 S 60.11-A AUTHORIZED DISPOSITIONS; CERTAIN CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IN THE THIRD DEGREE OFFENDERS.
- 55 WHEN A PERSON IS TO BE SENTENCED UPON CONVICTION OF THE CRIME OF CRIM-56 INAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IN THE THIRD DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVI-

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SION TEN OF SECTION 265.02 OF THIS CHAPTER, THE COURT MUST SENTENCE SUCH

DEFENDANT TO A DETERMINATE SENTENCE AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (II) OF

PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 70.02 OF THIS CHAPTER,

UNLESS A GREATER MINIMUM SENTENCE IS OTHERWISE REQUIRED BY ANOTHER

PROVISION OF THIS CHAPTER.

- S 27. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 1 of section 70.02 of the penal law, paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 148 of the laws of 2011 and paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 405 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:
- 10 Class C violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the class B felonies set forth in paragraph (a) of this subdivision; aggra-11 vated criminally negligent homicide as defined in section 125.11, aggra-12 13 vated manslaughter in the second degree as defined in section 125.21, aggravated sexual abuse in the second degree as defined in section 14 15 130.67, assault on a peace officer, police officer, fireman or emergency medical services professional as defined in section 120.08, assault on a judge as defined in section 120.09, gang assault in the second degree as 17 18 defined in section 120.06, strangulation in the first degree as defined in section 121.13, burglary in the second degree as defined in section 19 20 140.25, robbery in the second degree as defined in section 160.10, criminal possession of a weapon in the second degree as defined in section 21 22 265.03, criminal use of a firearm in the second degree as defined section 265.08, criminal sale of a firearm in the second degree as defined in section 265.12, criminal sale of a firearm with the aid of a 24 25 minor as defined in section 265.14, AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON AS DEFINED IN SECTION 265.19, soliciting or providing support for 26 an act of terrorism in the first degree as defined in section 490.15, 27 28 hindering prosecution of terrorism in the second degree as defined in 29 section 490.30, and criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biolog-30 ical weapon in the third degree as defined in section 490.37.
- (c) Class D violent felony offenses: an attempt to commit any of the 31 32 class C felonies set forth in paragraph (b); reckless assault of a child as defined in section 120.02, assault in the second degree as defined in 33 section 120.05, menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in 34 35 section 120.18, stalking in the first degree, as defined in subdivision of section 120.60, strangulation in the second degree as defined in 36 section 121.12, rape in the second degree as defined in section 130.30, criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in section 130.45, 38 39 sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.65, course of 40 sexual conduct against a child in the second degree as defined section 130.80, aggravated sexual abuse in the third degree as defined 41 42 in section 130.66, facilitating a sex offense with a controlled 43 substance as defined in section 130.90, criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in subdivision five, six, seven [er], 45 NINE OR TEN of section 265.02, criminal sale of a firearm in the 46 third degree as defined in section 265.11, intimidating a victim or 47 witness in the second degree as defined in section 215.16, soliciting or 48 providing support for an act of terrorism in the second degree as 49 defined in section 490.10, and making a terroristic threat as defined in section 490.20, falsely reporting an incident in the first degree 50 51 defined in section 240.60, placing a false bomb or hazardous substance 52 in the first degree as defined in section 240.62, placing a false bomb or hazardous substance in a sports stadium or arena, mass transportation 53 54 facility or enclosed shopping mall as defined in section 240.63, and aggravated unpermitted use of indoor pyrotechnics in the first degree as

defined in section 405.18.

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1 S 28. The opening paragraph of paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 of 2 section 70.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 764 of the laws of 3 2005, is amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in subdivision six of section 60.05, the sentence imposed upon a person who stands convicted of the class D violent felony offenses of criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree 7 defined in subdivision [four,] five, seven [or], eight OR NINE of section 265.02, criminal sale of a firearm in the third degree defined in section 265.11 or the class E violent felonies of attempted criminal possession of a weapon in the third degree as defined in subdi-10 11 vision [four,] five, seven [or], eight OR NINE of section 265.02 must be 12 a sentence to a determinate period of imprisonment, or, in the alterna-13 tive, a definite sentence of imprisonment for a period of no less than 14 one year, except that:

- S 29. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 70.02 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 765 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (b) For a class C felony, the term must be at least three and one-half years and must not exceed fifteen years, provided, however, that 19 20 term must be: (i) at least seven years and must not exceed twenty years where the sentence is for the crime of aggravated manslaughter in the 21 22 second degree as defined in section 125.21 of this chapter; (ii) at least seven years and must not exceed twenty years where the sentence is for the crime of attempted aggravated assault upon a police officer or 25 peace officer as defined in section 120.11 of this chapter; [and] (iii) at least three and one-half years and must not exceed twenty years where 26 27 the sentence is for the crime of aggravated criminally negligent homi-28 cide as defined in section 125.11 of this chapter; AND (IV) AT LEAST FIVE YEARS AND MUST NOT EXCEED FIFTEEN YEARS WHERE THE 29 SENTENCE 30 IMPOSED FOR THE CRIME OF AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON AS DEFINED IN SECTION 265.19 OF THIS CHAPTER; 31
- 32 S 30. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 of section 70.02 of the penal 33 law, as amended by chapter 765 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read 34 as follows:
- 35 (c) For a class D felony, the term must be at least two years and must not exceed seven years, provided, however, that the term must be: (I) at least two years and must not exceed eight years where the sentence is for the crime of menacing a police officer or peace officer as defined in section 120.18 of this chapter; and (II) AT LEAST THREE AND ONE-HALF YEARS AND MUST NOT EXCEED SEVEN YEARS WHERE THE SENTENCE IS IMPOSED FOR THE CRIME OF CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IN THE THIRD DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TEN OF SECTION 265.02 OF THIS CHAPTER;
- 43 S 31. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 115.20 to read 44 as follows:
- 45 S 115.20 CRIMINAL FACILITATION; DEFINITIONS AND CONSTRUCTION.
- FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE, SUCH CONDUCT SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO, MAKING AVAILABLE, SELLING, EXCHANGING, GIVING OR DISPOSING OF A COMMUNITY GUN, WHICH IN FACT, AIDS A PERSON TO COMMIT A CRIME.
- 49 "COMMUNITY GUN" SHALL MEAN A FIREARM THAT IS ACTUALLY SHARED, MADE
- 50 AVAILABLE, SOLD, EXCHANGED, GIVEN OR DISPOSED OF AMONG OR BETWEEN TWO OR
- 51 MORE PERSONS, AT LEAST ONE OF WHOM IS NOT AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO LAW TO
- 52 POSSESS SUCH FIREARM. "DISPOSE OF" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS THAT
- 53 TERM IS DEFINED IN SECTION 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER. "SHARE" AND "MAKE
- 54 AVAILABLE" SHALL, IN THE CASE OF A FIREARM, BE CONSTRUED TO INCLUDE
- 55 KNOWINGLY PLACING SUCH FIREARM AT A LOCATION ACCESSIBLE AND KNOWN TO ONE
- 56 OR MORE OTHER PERSONS.

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1 S 32. Section 120.05 of the penal law is amended by adding a new 2 subdivision 4-a to read as follows:

- 3 4-A. HE RECKLESSLY CAUSES PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANOTHER PERSON WHO IS A 4 CHILD UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN BY INTENTIONAL DISCHARGE OF A FIREARM, 5 RIFLE OR SHOTGUN; OR
- 6 S 33. Sections 34, 35 and 36 of this act shall be known and may be 7 cited as "Mark's Law".
- 8 S 34. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 125.26 of the 9 penal law, as added by chapter 765 of the laws of 2005, is amended to 10 read as follows:
- With intent to cause the death of another person, he or she causes the death of such person, or of a third person who was a person described in subparagraph (i), (ii), (II-A) or (iii) of paragraph (a) of this subdivision engaged at the time of the killing in the course of performing his or her official duties; and
- 16 S 35. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 125.26 of the penal 17 law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (ii-a) to read as follows:
- (II-A) THE INTENDED VICTIM WAS A FIREFIGHTER, EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECH-18 NICIAN, AMBULANCE DRIVER, PARAMEDIC, PHYSICIAN OR REGISTERED NURSE 19 INVOLVED IN A FIRST RESPONSE TEAM, OR ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL WHO, 20 COURSE OF OFFICIAL DUTIES, PERFORMS EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVITIES AND 21 WAS ENGAGED IN SUCH ACTIVITIES AT THE TIME OF KILLING AND THE DEFENDANT 22 KNEW OR REASONABLY SHOULD HAVE KNOWN THAT THE INTENDED VICTIM WAS SUCH 23 24 FIREFIGHTER, EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN, AMBULANCE DRIVER, PARAMEDIC, 25 PHYSICIAN OR REGISTERED NURSE; OR
- S 36. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 125.27 of the penal law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (ii-a) to read as follows:
- 28 (II-A) THE INTENDED VICTIM WAS A FIREFIGHTER, EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECH-29 NICIAN, AMBULANCE DRIVER, PARAMEDIC, PHYSICIAN OR REGISTERED NURSE INVOLVED IN A FIRST RESPONSE TEAM, OR ANY OTHER INDIVIDUAL WHO, IN THE COURSE OF OFFICIAL DUTIES, PERFORMS EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIVITIES 31 ENGAGED IN SUCH ACTIVITIES AT THE TIME OF KILLING AND THE DEFENDANT 32 KNEW OR REASONABLY SHOULD HAVE KNOWN THAT THE INTENDED VICTIM WAS SUCH 33 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN, AMBULANCE DRIVER, PARAMEDIC, 34 FIREFIGHTER, 35 PHYSICIAN OR REGISTERED NURSE; OR
- 36 S 37. Subdivision 22 of section 265.00 of the penal law, as added by 37 chapter 189 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
- 38 22. "Assault weapon" means [(a) a semiautomatic rifle that has an 39 ability to accept a detachable magazine and has at least two of the 40 following characteristics:
- 41 (i) a folding or telescoping stock;
- 42 (ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of 43 the weapon;
- 44 (iii) a bayonet mount;
- 45 (iv) a flash suppressor or threaded barrel designed to accommodate a 46 flash suppressor;
- 47 (v) a grenade launcher; or
- 48 (b) a semiautomatic shotgun that has at least two of the following 49 characteristics:
- 50 (i) a folding or telescoping stock;
- 51 (ii) a pistol grip that protrudes conspicuously beneath the action of 52 the weapon;
- 53 (iii) a fixed magazine capacity in excess of five rounds;
- 54 (iv) an ability to accept a detachable magazine; or
- (c) a semiautomatic pistol that has an ability to accept a detachable
- 56 magazine and has at least two of the following characteristics:

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     (i) an ammunition magazine that attaches to the pistol outside of the
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   pistol grip;
 3
     (ii) a threaded barrel capable of accepting a barrel extender, flash
    suppressor, forward handgrip, or silencer;
 5
     (iii) a shroud that is attached to, or partially or completely encir
 6
    cles, the barrel and that permits the shooter to hold the
 7
    the nontrigger hand without being burned;
 8
     (iv) a manufactured weight of fifty ounces or more when the pistol
 9
    unloaded;
10
      (v) a semiautomatic version of an automatic rifle, shotgun or firearm;
11
    <del>or</del>
          any of the weapons, or functioning frames or receivers of such
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    weapons, or copies or duplicates of such weapons, in any caliber,
14
    as:
     (i) Norinco, Mitchell, and Poly Technologies Avtomat Kalashnikovs (all
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16
   models);
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     (ii) Action Arms Israeli Military Industries UZI and Galil;
     (iii) Beretta Ar70 (SC 70);
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19
      (iv) Colt AR 15;
     (v) Fabrique National FN/FAL, FN/LAR, and FNC;
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     (vi) SWD M 10, M 11, M 11/9, and M 12;
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     (vii) Steyr AUG;
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     (viii) INTRATEC TEC 9, TEC DC9 and TEC 22; and
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      (ix) revolving cylinder shotguns, such as (or similar to) the Street
25
   Sweeper and Striker 12;
     (e) provided, however, that such term does not include: (i) any rifle,
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    shotgun or pistol that (A) is manually operated by bolt, pump, lever or
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   slide action; (B) has been rendered permanently inoperable; or (C) is an
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   antique firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921(a)(16);
30
     (ii) a semiautomatic rifle that cannot accept a detachable magazine
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   that holds more than five rounds of ammunition;
32
     (iii) a semiautomatic shotgun that cannot hold more than
    of ammunition in a fixed or detachable magazine;
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     (iv) a rifle, shotgun or pistol, or a replica or a duplicate thereof,
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   specified in Appendix A to section 922 of 18 U.S.C. as such weapon
   manufactured on October first, nineteen hundred ninety three. The mere
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   fact that a weapon is not listed in Appendix A shall not be construed to
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    mean that such weapon is an assault weapon; or
39
     (v) a semiautomatic rifle, a semiautomatic shotgun or a semiautomatic
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   pistol or any of the weapons defined in paragraph (d) of this subdivi
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   sion lawfully possessed prior to September fourteenth, nineteen hundred
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   ninety four.
      (A) A SEMIAUTOMATIC RIFLE THAT HAS AN ABILITY TO ACCEPT A DETACHABLE
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44 MAGAZINE AND HAS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:
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      (I) A FOLDING OR TELESCOPING STOCK;
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      (II) A PISTOL GRIP THAT PROTRUDES CONSPICUOUSLY BENEATH THE ACTION OF
47
   THE WEAPON;
48
      (III) A THUMBHOLE STOCK;
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      (IV) A SECOND HANDGRIP OR A PROTRUDING GRIP THAT CAN BE HELD BY THE
50 NON-TRIGGER HAND;
51
      (V) A BAYONET MOUNT;
      (VI) A FLASH SUPPRESSOR, MUZZLE BREAK, MUZZLE COMPENSATOR, OR THREADED
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53 BARREL DESIGNED TO ACCOMMODATE A FLASH SUPPRESSOR, MUZZLE BREAK, OR
54 MUZZLE COMPENSATOR;
    (VII) A GRENADE LAUNCHER; OR
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- 1 (B) A SEMIAUTOMATIC SHOTGUN THAT HAS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING 2 CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (I) A FOLDING OR TELESCOPING STOCK;
- 4 (II) A THUMBHOLE STOCK;
- 5 (III) A SECOND HANDGRIP OR A PROTRUDING GRIP THAT CAN BE HELD BY THE 6 NON-TRIGGER HAND;
- 7 (IV) A FIXED MAGAZINE CAPACITY IN EXCESS OF SEVEN ROUNDS;
 - (V) AN ABILITY TO ACCEPT A DETACHABLE MAGAZINE; OR
- 9 (C) A SEMIAUTOMATIC PISTOL THAT HAS AN ABILITY TO ACCEPT A DETACHABLE 10 MAGAZINE AND HAS AT LEAST ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:
- 11 (I) A FOLDING OR TELESCOPING STOCK;
- 12 (II) A THUMBHOLE STOCK;
- 13 (III) A SECOND HANDGRIP OR A PROTRUDING GRIP THAT CAN BE HELD BY THE 14 NON-TRIGGER HAND;
- 15 (IV) CAPACITY TO ACCEPT AN AMMUNITION MAGAZINE THAT ATTACHES TO THE 16 PISTOL OUTSIDE OF THE PISTOL GRIP;
- 17 (V) A THREADED BARREL CAPABLE OF ACCEPTING A BARREL EXTENDER, FLASH 18 SUPPRESSOR, FORWARD HANDGRIP, OR SILENCER;
- 19 (VI) A SHROUD THAT IS ATTACHED TO, OR PARTIALLY OR COMPLETELY ENCIR-20 CLES, THE BARREL AND THAT PERMITS THE SHOOTER TO HOLD THE FIREARM WITH 21 THE NON-TRIGGER HAND WITHOUT BEING BURNED;
- 22 (VII) A MANUFACTURED WEIGHT OF FIFTY OUNCES OR MORE WHEN THE PISTOL IS 23 UNLOADED; OR
- 24 (VIII) A SEMIAUTOMATIC VERSION OF AN AUTOMATIC RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR 25 FIREARM;
- 26 (D) A REVOLVING CYLINDER SHOTGUN;
- (E) A SEMIAUTOMATIC RIFLE, A SEMIAUTOMATIC SHOTGUN OR A SEMIAUTOMATIC PISTOL OR WEAPON DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (V) OF PARAGRAPH (E) OF SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF SECTION 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER AS ADDED BY CHAPTER
 ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-NINE OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND AND OTHERWISE
 LAWFULLY POSSESSED PURSUANT TO SUCH CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND
 PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER FOURTEENTH, NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR;
- 33 (F) A SEMIAUTOMATIC RIFLE, A SEMIAUTOMATIC SHOTGUN OR A SEMIAUTOMATIC 34 PISTOL OR WEAPON DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (A), (B) OR (C) OF THIS SUBDIVI-35 SION, POSSESSED PRIOR TO THE DATE OF ENACTMENT OF THE CHAPTER OF THE 36 LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH;
 - (G) PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT SUCH TERM DOES NOT INCLUDE:
- 38 (I) ANY RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR PISTOL THAT (A) IS MANUALLY OPERATED BY 39 BOLT, PUMP, LEVER OR SLIDE ACTION; (B) HAS BEEN RENDERED PERMANENTLY 40 INOPERABLE; OR (C) IS AN ANTIQUE FIREARM AS DEFINED IN 18 U.S.C. 41 921(A)(16);
- 42 (II) A SEMIAUTOMATIC RIFLE THAT CANNOT ACCEPT A DETACHABLE MAGAZINE 43 THAT HOLDS MORE THAN FIVE ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION;
- 44 (III) A SEMIAUTOMATIC SHOTGUN THAT CANNOT HOLD MORE THAN FIVE ROUNDS 45 OF AMMUNITION IN A FIXED OR DETACHABLE MAGAZINE; OR
- 46 (IV) A RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR PISTOL, OR A REPLICA OR A DUPLICATE THEREOF, 47 SPECIFIED IN APPENDIX A TO 18 U.S.C. 922 AS SUCH WEAPON WAS MANUFACTURED
- 48 ON OCTOBER FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-THREE. THE MERE FACT THAT A 49 WEAPON IS NOT LISTED IN APPENDIX A SHALL NOT BE CONSTRUED TO MEAN THAT
- 50 SUCH WEAPON IS AN ASSAULT WEAPON;
- 51 (V) ANY WEAPON VALIDLY REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF 52 SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER. SUCH WEAPONS SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE
- 53 PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (H) OF THIS SUBDIVISION;
- 54 (VI) ANY FIREARM, RIFLE, OR SHOTGUN THAT WAS MANUFACTURED AT LEAST
- 55 FIFTY YEARS PRIOR TO THE CURRENT DATE, BUT NOT INCLUDING REPLICAS THERE-

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1 OF THAT IS VALIDLY REGISTERED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER;

(H) ANY WEAPON DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OR (F) OF THIS SUBDIVISION AND 3 LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE THAT WAS LEGALLY POSSESSED BY AN INDIVIDUAL PRIOR TO THE ENACTMENT OF THE CHAPTER OF THE 6 THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH, MAY ONLY BE SOLD TO, 7 EXCHANGED WITH OR DISPOSED OF TO A PURCHASER AUTHORIZED TO POSSESS WEAPONS OR TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY OUTSIDE OF THE STATE PROVIDED THAT SUCH TRANSFER TO AN INDIVIDUAL OR ENTITY OUTSIDE OF THE STATE MUST 10 BE REPORTED TO THE ENTITY WHEREIN THE WEAPON IS REGISTERED WITHIN SEVEN-TY-TWO HOURS OF SUCH TRANSFER. AN INDIVIDUAL WHO 11 TRANSFERS ANY WEAPON OR LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION DEVICE TO AN INDIVIDUAL INSIDE NEW 12 13 YORK STATE OR WITHOUT COMPLYING WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SHALL BE GUILTY OF A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR UNLESS SUCH LARGE CAPACITY 14 AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE, THE POSSESSION OF WHICH IS MADE ILLEGAL 15 16 CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARA-17 GRAPH, IS TRANSFERRED WITHIN ONE YEAR OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAP-TER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH. 18

19 S 38. Subdivision 23 of section 265.00 of the penal law, as added by 20 chapter 189 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:

23. "Large capacity ammunition feeding device" means a magazine, belt, drum, feed strip, or similar device, [manufactured after September thir teenth, nineteen hundred ninety four,] that (A) has a capacity of, or that can be readily restored or converted to accept, more than ten rounds of ammunition, OR (B) CONTAINS MORE THAN SEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNI-TION, OR (C) IS OBTAINED AFTER THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION AND HAS A CAPACITY OF, OR THAT CAN BE READILY RESTORED OR CONVERTED TO ACCEPT, THAN SEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION; provided, however, that such term 29 does not include an attached tubular device designed to accept, capable of operating only with, .22 caliber rimfire ammunition OR A FEEDING DEVICE THAT IS A CURIO OR RELIC. A FEEDING DEVICE THAT IS A CURIO OR RELIC IS DEFINED AS A DEVICE THAT (I) WAS MANUFACTURED AT LEAST FIFTY YEARS PRIOR TO THE CURRENT DATE, (II) IS ONLY CAPABLE OF BEING USED EXCLUSIVELY IN A FIREARM, RIFLE, OR SHOTGUN THAT WAS MANUFACTURED AT LEAST FIFTY YEARS PRIOR TO THE CURRENT DATE, BUT NOT INCLUDING REPLI-THEREOF, (III) IS POSSESSED BY AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS NOT PROHIBITED BY STATE OR FEDERAL LAW FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM AND (IV) IS REGISTERED WITH THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER, EXCEPT SUCH FEEDING DEVICES TRANSFERRED INTO THE STATE MAY BE REGISTERED AT ANY TIME, PROVIDED THEY ARE REGIS-TERED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THEIR TRANSFER INTO THE STATE. STANDING PARAGRAPH (H) OF SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF THIS SECTION, DEVICES MAY BE TRANSFERRED PROVIDED THAT SUCH TRANSFER SHALL BE SUBJECT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 400.03 OF THIS CHAPTER INCLUDING THE CHECK REQUIRED TO BE CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION.

- 47 Section 265.00 of the penal law is amended by adding a new 39. 48 subdivision 24 to read as follows:
- 49 24. "SELLER OF AMMUNITION" MEANS ANY PERSON, FIRM, PARTNERSHIP, CORPO-RATION OR COMPANY WHO ENGAGES IN THE BUSINESS OF PURCHASING, SELLING 50 51 KEEPING AMMUNITION.
- S 40. Section 265.01 of the penal law, as added by chapter 1041 of the 52 53 1974, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 257 of the laws of 2008, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 220 of the laws of 1988, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 199 of the laws of 2006, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 357 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 7 as added

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1 by chapter 807 of the laws of 1981, and subdivision 8 as added by chap-2 ter 646 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

- S 265.01 Criminal possession of a weapon in the fourth degree.
- A person is guilty of criminal possession of a weapon in the fourth 5 degree when:
 - (1) He or she possesses any firearm, electronic dart gun, electronic stun gun, gravity knife, switchblade knife, pilum ballistic knife, metal knuckle knife, cane sword, billy, blackjack, bludgeon, plastic knuckles, metal knuckles, chuka stick, sand bag, sandclub, wrist-brace type slingshot or slungshot, shirken or "Kung Fu star"; or
 - (2) He possesses any dagger, dangerous knife, dirk, razor, stiletto, imitation pistol, or any other dangerous or deadly instrument or weapon with intent to use the same unlawfully against another; or
 - (3) [He or she knowingly has in his or her possession a rifle, shotgun or firearm in or upon a building or grounds, used for educational purposes, of any school, college or university, except the forestry lands, wherever located, owned and maintained by the State University of New York college of environmental science and forestry, or upon a school bus as defined in section one hundred forty two of the vehicle and traffic law, without the written authorization of such educational institution]; or
- 22 (4) He possesses a rifle, shotgun, antique firearm, black powder 23 rifle, black powder shotgun, or any muzzle-loading firearm, and has been 24 convicted of a felony or serious offense; or
 - (5) He possesses any dangerous or deadly weapon and is not a citizen of the United States; or
- 27 (6) He is a person who has been certified not suitable to possess a 28 rifle or shotgun, as defined in subdivision sixteen of section 265.00, and refuses to yield possession of such rifle or shotgun upon the demand 29 of a police officer. Whenever a person is certified not suitable 31 possess a rifle or shotgun, a member of the police department to which 32 such certification is made, or of the state police, shall forthwith seize any rifle or shotqun possessed by such person. A rifle or shotqun 33 34 seized as herein provided shall not be destroyed, but shall be delivered 35 to the headquarters of such police department, or state police, there retained until the aforesaid certificate has been rescinded by the 36 director or physician in charge, or other disposition of such rifle or shotgun has been ordered or authorized by a court of competent jurisdic-38 39 tion.
- 40 (7) He knowingly possesses a bullet containing an explosive substance 41 designed to detonate upon impact.
- 42 (8) He possesses any armor piercing ammunition with intent to use the 43 same unlawfully against another.
- 44 Criminal possession of a weapon in the fourth degree is a class A 45 misdemeanor.
- 46 S 41. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 265.01-a to 47 read as follows:
- 48 S 265.01-A. CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON ON SCHOOL GROUNDS.
- 49 A PERSON IS GUILTY OF CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON ON SCHOOL 50 GROUNDS WHEN HE OR SHE KNOWINGLY HAS IN HIS OR HER POSSESSION A RIFLE,
- 51 SHOTGUN, OR FIREARM IN OR UPON A BUILDING OR GROUNDS, USED FOR EDUCA-
- 52 TIONAL PURPOSES, OF ANY SCHOOL, COLLEGE, OR UNIVERSITY, EXCEPT THE
- 53 FORESTRY LANDS, WHEREVER LOCATED, OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE STATE
- 54 UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK COLLEGE OF ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND FORESTRY, OR
- 55 UPON A SCHOOL BUS AS DEFINED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED FORTY-TWO OF THE

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- 1 VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, WITHOUT THE WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION OF SUCH EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION.
- CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON ON SCHOOL GROUNDS IS A CLASS E FELONY. 3
- 4 The penal law is amended by adding a new section 265.01-b to 5 read as follows:
- 6 S 265.01-B CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM.
 - A PERSON IS GUILTY OF CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM WHEN HE OR SHE:
- (1) POSSESSES ANY FIREARM OR; (2) LAWFULLY POSSESSES A FIREARM PRIOR 8
- EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN
- 10 WHICH ADDED THIS SECTION SUBJECT TO THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS
- SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER AND KNOWINGLY 11
- FAILS TO REGISTER SUCH FIREARM PURSUANT TO SUCH SUBDIVISION. 12
- 13 CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A FIREARM IS A CLASS E FELONY.
- 14 S 41-b. Subdivision 8 of section 265.02 of the penal law, as
- by chapter 764 of the laws of 2005, is amended and two new subdivisions 15
- 16 9 and 10 are added to read as follows:
- (8) Such person possesses a large capacity ammunition feeding device. 17
- 18 FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE SHALL NOT INCLUDE AN AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE LAWFULLY POSSESSED 19
- 20 BY SUCH PERSON BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF
- TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SUBDIVISION, THAT HAS A CAPACI-21
- OF, OR THAT CAN BE READILY RESTORED OR CONVERTED TO ACCEPT MORE THAN 22
- SEVEN BUT LESS THAN ELEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION, OR THAT
- TURED BEFORE SEPTEMBER THIRTEENTH, NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR, THAT 24
- 25 HAS A CAPACITY OF, OR THAT CAN BE READILY RESTORED OR CONVERTED
- 26 ACCEPT, MORE THAN TEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION; OR
- 27 SUCH PERSON POSSESSES AN UNLOADED FIREARM AND ALSO COMMITS A DRUG TRAFFICKING FELONY AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 10.00 28
- 29 OF THIS CHAPTER AS PART OF THE SAME CRIMINAL TRANSACTION; OR
- 30 (10) SUCH PERSON POSSESSES AN UNLOADED FIREARM AND ALSO COMMITS VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 70.02 OF 31 THIS CHAPTER AS PART OF THE SAME CRIMINAL TRANSACTION. 32
- Subdivision 2 of section 265.09 of the penal law, as added by 33
- chapter 650 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows: 34 35 (2) Sentencing. Notwithstanding any other provision of law
- contrary, when a person is convicted of criminal use of a firearm in the 36 first degree as defined in subdivision one of this section, the court
- shall impose an additional consecutive sentence of five years to the 38
- 39 [minimum term of an indeterminate] sentence imposed on the underlying
- class B violent felony offense where the person convicted of such crime 40
- displays a loaded weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing 41
- 42 death or other serious injury may be discharged, in furtherance of the
- commission of such crime, provided, however, that such additional 43
- sentence shall not be imposed if the court, having regard to the nature
- 45 and circumstances of the crime and to the history and character of
- 46 defendant, finds on the record that such additional consecutive sentence
- 47 would be unduly harsh and that not imposing such sentence would be
- 48 consistent with the public safety and would not deprecate the serious-
- 49 ness of the crime. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 50
- contrary, the aggregate of the five year consecutive term imposed pursu-
- ant to this subdivision and the minimum term of the indeterminate
- 52 sentence imposed on the underlying class B violent felony shall consti-
- 53 tute the new aggregate minimum term of imprisonment, and a person
- subject to such term shall be required to serve the entire aggregate
- minimum term and shall not be eligible for release on parole or condi-
- tional release during such term. This subdivision shall not apply where

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the defendant's criminal liability for displaying a loaded weapon from which a shot, readily capable of producing death or other serious injury may be discharged, in furtherance of the commission of crime is based on the conduct of another pursuant to section 20.00 of [the penal law] THIS CHAPTER.

- 6 S 43. Section 265.17 of the penal law, as added by chapter 189 of the 7 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows:
 - S 265.17 Criminal purchase OR DISPOSAL of a weapon.
 - A person is guilty of criminal purchase OR DISPOSAL of a weapon when:
- 10 1. Knowing that he or she is prohibited by law from possessing a 11 firearm, rifle or shotgun because of a prior conviction or because of 12 some other disability which would render him or her ineligible to 13 lawfully possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun in this state, such person 14 [attempts to purchase] PURCHASES a firearm, rifle or shotgun from another person; or
- 2. Knowing that it would be unlawful for another person to possess a firearm, rifle or shotgun, he or she purchases a firearm, rifle or shotgun for, on behalf of, or for the use of such other person [-]; OR
- 3. KNOWING THAT ANOTHER PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN BECAUSE OF A PRIOR CONVICTION OR BECAUSE OF SOME OTHER DISABILITY WHICH WOULD RENDER HIM OR HER INELIGIBLE TO LAWFULLY POSSESS A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN IN THIS STATE, A PERSON DISPOSES OF A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN TO SUCH OTHER PERSON.
- Criminal purchase OR DISPOSAL of a weapon is a class [A misdemeanor] D 25 FELONY.
- 26 S 44. Intentionally omitted.
- 27 S 45. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 265.19 to read 28 as follows:
- 29 S 265.19 AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON.
- A PERSON IS GUILTY OF AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON WHEN HE OR SHE COMMITS THE CRIME OF CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IN THE SECOND DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 265.03 OF THIS ARTICLE AND ALSO COMMITS ANY VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 70.02 OF THIS CHAPTER OR A DRUG TRAFFICKING FELONY AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 10.00 OF THIS CHAPTER ARISING OUT OF THE SAME CRIMINAL TRANSACTION.
- 37 AGGRAVATED CRIMINAL POSSESSION OF A WEAPON IS A CLASS C FELONY.
- S 46. Paragraph 3 of subdivision a of section 265.20 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 210 of the laws of 1999, is amended and a new paragraph 7-f is added to read as follows:
- 3. Possession of a pistol or revolver by a person to whom a license 41 42 therefor has been issued as provided under section 400.00 or 400.01 of chapter OR POSSESSION OF A WEAPON AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OR 43 44 (F) OF SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF SECTION 265.00 OF THIS ARTICLE WHICH IS 45 REGISTERED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF SECTION 46 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER OR IS INCLUDED ON AN AMENDED LICENSE 47 PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER. IN THE EVENT SUCH LICENSE IS REVOKED, OTHER THAN BECAUSE SUCH LICENSEE IS NO LONGER PERMITTED 48 49 POSSESS A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN UNDER FEDERAL OR STATE LAW, INFORMA-SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF 50 51 SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER, SHALL BE TRANSMITTED BY THE LICENSING 52 TO THE STATE POLICE, IN A FORM AS DETERMINED BY THE SUPERINTEN-DENT OF STATE POLICE. SUCH TRANSMISSION SHALL CONSTITUTE A VALID REGIS-53 54 TRATION UNDER SUCH SECTION. FURTHER PROVIDED, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER SECTION OF THIS TITLE, A FAILURE TO REGISTER SUCH WEAPON BY AN INDIVID-55 UAL WHO POSSESSES SUCH WEAPON BEFORE THE ENACTMENT OF THE CHAPTER OF THE

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1 LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS PARAGRAPH AND MAY SO 2 LAWFULLY POSSESS IT THEREAFTER UPON REGISTRATION, SHALL ONLY BE SUBJECT 3 TO PUNISHMENT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF 4 SECTION 400.00 OF THIS CHAPTER; provided, that such a license OR REGISTRATION shall not preclude a conviction for the offense defined in

6 subdivision three of section 265.01 of this article OR SECTION 265.01-A

7 OF THIS ARTICLE.

8 7-F. POSSESSION AND USE OF A MAGAZINE, BELT, FEED STRIP OR THAT CONTAINS MORE THAN SEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION, BUT THAT 10 DOES NOT HAVE A CAPACITY OF OR CAN READILY BE RESTORED OR CONVERTED 11 THAN TEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION, AT AN INDOOR OR OUTDOOR 12 FIRING RANGE LOCATED IN OR ON PREMISES OWNED OR OCCUPIED 13 INCORPORATED ORGANIZATION ORGANIZED FOR CONSERVATION PURPOSES OR TO FOSTER PROFICIENCY IN ARMS; AT AN INDOOR OR OUTDOOR FIRING RANGE FOR THE 14 15 PURPOSE OF FIRING A RIFLE OR SHOTGUN; AT A COLLEGIATE, OLYMPIC OR TARGET 16 SHOOTING COMPETITION UNDER THE AUSPICES OF OR APPROVED BY THE 17 RIFLE ASSOCIATION; OR AT AN ORGANIZED MATCH SANCTIONED BY THE INTERNA-TIONAL HANDGUN METALLIC SILHOUETTE ASSOCIATION. 18

19 S 46-a. The penal law is amended by adding two new sections 265.36 and 20 265.37 to read as follows:

21 S 265.36 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING 22 DEVICE.

IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO KNOWINGLY POSSESS A LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE MANUFACTURED BEFORE SEPTEMBER THIRTEENTH,
NINETEEN HUNDRED NINETY-FOUR, AND IF SUCH PERSON LAWFULLY POSSESSED SUCH
LARGE CAPACITY FEEDING DEVICE BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER
OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS SECTION, THAT HAS
A CAPACITY OF, OR THAT CAN BE READILY RESTORED OR CONVERTED TO ACCEPT,
MORE THAN TEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION.

30 INDIVIDUAL WHO HAS A REASONABLE BELIEF THAT SUCH DEVICE IS OF SUCH A CHARACTER THAT IT MAY LAWFULLY BE POSSESSED AND WHO SURRENDERS 31 32 LAWFULLY DISPOSES OF SUCH DEVICE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF BEING NOTIFIED BY ENFORCEMENT OR COUNTY LICENSING OFFICIALS THAT SUCH POSSESSION IS 33 34 UNLAWFUL SHALL NOT BE GUILTY OF THIS OFFENSE. IT SHALL BE A REBUTTABLE 35 SUCH PERSON KNOWS THAT SUCH LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION PRESUMPTION THAT 36 FEEDING DEVICE MAY NOT BE LAWFULLY POSSESSED IF HE OR SHE HAS 37 CONTACTED BY LAW ENFORCEMENT OR COUNTY LICENSING OFFICIALS AND INFORMED 38 THAT SUCH DEVICE MAY NOT BE LAWFULLY POSSESSED.

39 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF A LARGE CAPACITY AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE IS A 40 CLASS A MISDEMEANOR.

41 S 265.37 UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF CERTAIN AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICES.

IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR A PERSON TO KNOWINGLY POSSESS AN AMMUNITION FEEDING DEVICE THAT SUCH PERSON LAWFULLY POSSESSED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS SECTION, THAT HAS A CAPACITY OF, OR THAT CAN BE READILY RESTORED OR CONVERTED TO ACCEPT MORE THAN SEVEN BUT LESS THAN TEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION.

IF SUCH DEVICE CONTAINING MORE THAN SEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION IS
POSSESSED WITHIN THE HOME OF THE POSSESSOR, THE PERSON SO POSSESSING THE
DEVICE SHALL, FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, BE GUILTY OF A VIOLATION AND SUBJECT
TO A FINE OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND FOR A SECOND OFFENSE, BE GUILTY OF
A CLASS B MISDEMEANOR AND SUBJECT TO A FINE OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS AND A
TERM OF UP TO THREE MONTHS IMPRISONMENT.

IF SUCH DEVICE CONTAINING MORE THAN SEVEN ROUNDS OF AMMUNITION IS POSSESSED IN ANY LOCATION OTHER THAN THE HOME OF THE POSSESSOR, THE PERSON SO POSSESSING THE DEVICE SHALL, FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, BE GUILTY OF

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1 A CLASS B MISDEMEANOR AND SUBJECT TO A FINE OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS AND A 2 TERM OF UP TO SIX MONTHS IMPRISONMENT, AND FOR A SECOND OFFENSE, BE 3 GUILTY OF A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR.

- 4 S 47. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 265.45 to read 5 as follows:
- 6 S 265.45 SAFE STORAGE OF RIFLES, SHOTGUNS, AND FIREARMS.

7 NO PERSON WHO OWNS OR IS CUSTODIAN OF A RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR FIREARM WHO RESIDES WITH AN INDIVIDUAL WHO SUCH PERSON KNOWS OR HAS REASON TO KNOW 8 IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. S 922(G) 9 10 (4), (8) OR (9) SHALL STORE OR OTHERWISE LEAVE SUCH RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR FIREARM OUT OF HIS OR HER IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR CONTROL WITHOUT 11 HAVING FIRST SECURELY LOCKED SUCH RIFLE, SHOTGUN OR FIREARM IN AN APPRO-12 13 PRIATE SAFE STORAGE DEPOSITORY OR RENDERED IT INCAPABLE OF BEING FIRED BY USE OF A GUN LOCKING DEVICE APPROPRIATE TO THAT WEAPON. FOR PURPOSES 14 THIS SECTION "SAFE STORAGE DEPOSITORY" SHALL MEAN A SAFE OR OTHER 15 16 SECURE CONTAINER WHICH, WHEN LOCKED, IS INCAPABLE OF BEING OPENED WITH-17 THE KEY, COMBINATION OR OTHER UNLOCKING MECHANISM AND IS CAPABLE OF PREVENTING AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON FROM OBTAINING ACCESS 18 19 POSSESSION OF THE WEAPON CONTAINED THEREIN. WITH RESPECT TO A PERSON 20 WHO IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM PURSUANT TO 18 USC S FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THIS SECTION APPLIES ONLY IF 21 922(G)(9), 22 SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A CRIME INCLUDED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 370.15 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW AND SUCH GUN IS WITHIN FIVE YEARS FROM THE LATER OF THE DATE OF CONVICTION OR COMPLETION 24 25 OF SENTENCE.

A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION SHALL CONSTITUTE A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR.

27 48. Subdivision 1, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3, subdivisions 4, 28 5, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 15 of section 400.00 of the penal law, subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 189 of the laws of 2000, paragraph (a) of subdi-29 vision 3 as designated by chapter 778 of the laws of 1985, subdivision 4 amended by chapter 331 of the laws of 2005, subdivision 5 as amended 32 by chapter 332 of the laws of 1994, subdivision 9 as amended by chapter 172 of the laws of 1973, subdivision 10 as amended by chapter 447 of the 33 34 laws of 1997, subdivision 11 as amended by chapter 210 of the laws of 35 1999, and subdivision 12 as amended by chapter 449 of the laws of 1993, are amended and two new subdivisions 16-a and 16-b are added to read as 36 37 follows:

38 1. Eligibility. No license shall be issued or renewed pursuant to this 39 section except by the licensing officer, and then only after investigation and finding that all statements in a proper application for a 40 license are true. No license shall be issued or renewed except for an 41 42 applicant (a) twenty-one years of age or older, provided, however, that where such applicant has been honorably discharged from the United 43 States army, navy, marine corps, air force or coast guard, or the 45 national quard of the state of New York, no such age restriction shall 46 of good moral character; (c) who has not been convicted 47 anywhere of a felony or a serious offense; (d) WHO IS NOT A FUGITIVE 48 FROM JUSTICE; (E) WHO IS NOT AN UNLAWFUL USER OF OR ADDICTED TO ANY 49 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 21 U.S.C. 802; (F) WHO BEING AN ALIEN (I) IS NOT ILLEGALLY OR UNLAWFULLY IN THE UNITED STATES OR (II) 50 NOT BEEN ADMITTED TO THE UNITED STATES UNDER A NONIMMIGRANT VISA SUBJECT TO THE EXCEPTION IN 18 U.S.C. 922(Y)(2); (G) WHO HAS NOT BEEN 52 53 DISCHARGED FROM THE ARMED FORCES UNDER DISHONORABLE CONDITIONS; (H) WHO, HAVING BEEN A CITIZEN OF THE UNITED STATES, HAS NOT RENOUNCED HIS OR HER CITIZENSHIP; (I) who has stated whether he or she has ever suffered any mental illness [or been confined to any hospital or institution, public S. 2230 26 A. 2388

1 for mental illness]; (J) WHO HAS NOT BEEN INVOLUNTARILY COMMITTED TO A FACILITY UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF AN OFFICE OF 3 DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HYGIENE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE NINE OR FIFTEEN OF THE HYGIENE LAW, ARTICLE SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY OR SECTION 330.20 OF 5 THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW, SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWO OR FIVE HUNDRED 6 EIGHT OF THE CORRECTION LAW, SECTION 322.2 OR 353.4 OF THE FAMILY COURT 7 ACT, OR HAS NOT BEEN CIVILLY CONFINED IN A SECURE TREATMENT 8 PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TEN OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW; [(e)] (K) who has not had a license revoked or who is not under a suspension or ineligibility order issued pursuant to the provisions of section 530.14 of the crimi-10 11 procedure law or section eight hundred forty-two-a of the family 12 court act; $\left(\frac{f}{f}\right)$ (L) in the county of Westchester, who has successfully 13 completed a firearms safety course and test as evidenced by a certificate of completion issued in his or her name and endorsed and affirmed 14 15 under the penalties of perjury by a duly authorized instructor, except 16 that: (i) persons who are honorably discharged from the United States 17 army, navy, marine corps or coast guard, or of the national guard of the state of New York, and produce evidence of official qualification in 18 19 firearms during the term of service are not required to have completed 20 those hours of a firearms safety course pertaining to the safe use, carrying, possession, maintenance and storage of a firearm; 21 22 persons who were licensed to possess a pistol or revolver prior to the effective date of this paragraph are not required to have completed a 24 firearms safety course and test; [and (g)] (M) WHO HAS NOT HAD A GUARDI-25 APPOINTED FOR HIM OR HER PURSUANT TO ANY PROVISION OF STATE LAW, 26 BASED ON A DETERMINATION THAT AS A RESULT OF MARKED SUBNORMAL 27 GENCE, MENTAL ILLNESS, INCAPACITY, CONDITION OR DISEASE, HE OR SHE LACKS 28 THE MENTAL CAPACITY TO CONTRACT OR MANAGE HIS OR HER OWN AFFAIRS; AND 29 (N) concerning whom no good cause exists for the denial of the license. No person shall engage in the business of gunsmith or dealer in firearms unless licensed pursuant to this section. An applicant to engage in such 31 32 business shall also be a citizen of the United States, more than twen-33 ty-one years of age and maintain a place of business in the city 34 county where the license is issued. For such business, if the applicant 35 is a firm or partnership, each member thereof shall comply with all 36 the requirements set forth in this subdivision and if the applicant is a 37 corporation, each officer thereof shall so comply.

38 Applications shall be made and renewed, in the case of a license 39 to carry or possess a pistol or revolver, to the licensing officer 40 city or county, as the case may be, where the applicant resides, is 41 principally employed or has his OR HER principal place of business 42 merchant or storekeeper; and, in the case of a license as gunsmith or 43 dealer in firearms, to the licensing officer where such place of busi-44 located. Blank applications shall, except in the city of New 45 York, be approved as to form by the superintendent of state police. 46 application shall state the full name, date of birth, residence, present 47 occupation of each person or individual signing the same, whether or not 48 he OR SHE is a citizen of the United States, whether or not he OR SHE 49 complies with each requirement for eligibility specified in subdivision 50 one of this section and such other facts as may be required to show the 51 good character, competency and integrity of each person or individual 52 signing the application. An application shall be signed and verified by 53 the applicant. Each individual signing an application shall submit 54 photograph of himself OR HERSELF and a duplicate for each required copy of the application. Such photographs shall have been taken within thirty days prior to filing the application. In case of a license as gunsmith

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1 or dealer in firearms, the photographs submitted shall be two inches square, and the application shall also state the previous occupation of each individual signing the same and the location of the place of such business, or of the bureau, agency, subagency, office or branch office for which the license is sought, specifying the name of the city, 6 or village, indicating the street and number and otherwise giving such 7 apt description as to point out reasonably the location thereof. In such case, if the applicant is a firm, partnership or corporation, its name, date and place of formation, and principal place of business shall be 10 stated. For such firm or partnership, the application shall be verified by each individual composing or intending to compose the 11

same, and for such corporation, by each officer thereof. 12 13 4. Investigation. Before a license is issued or renewed, there 14 be an investigation of all statements required in the application by the 15 duly constituted police authorities of the locality where such applica-16 tion is made, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SUCH RECORDS AS MAY BE ACCES-17 SIBLE TO THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE OR DIVISION OF CRIMINAL SERVICES PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.02 OF THIS ARTICLE. For that purpose, 18 19 the records of the appropriate office of the department of mental hygiene concerning previous or present mental illness of the applicant 20 shall be available for inspection by the investigating officer of 21 22 police authority. In order to ascertain any previous criminal record, the investigating officer shall take the fingerprints and physical 23 24 descriptive data in quadruplicate of each individual by whom the appli-25 cation is signed and verified. Two copies of such fingerprints shall 26 taken on standard fingerprint cards eight inches square, and one copy 27 may be taken on a card supplied for that purpose by the federal bureau 28 of investigation; provided, however, that in the case of a corporate 29 applicant that has already been issued a dealer in firearms license and 30 seeks to operate a firearm dealership at a second or subsequent 31 location, the original fingerprints on file may be used to ascertain any 32 criminal record in the second or subsequent application unless any of the corporate officers have changed since the prior application, in 33 34 which case the new corporate officer shall comply with procedures 35 governing an initial application for such license. When completed, one 36 standard card shall be forwarded to and retained by the division of 37 criminal justice services in the executive department, at Albany. A 38 search of the files of such division and written notification of the 39 results of the search to the investigating officer shall be made without unnecessary delay. Thereafter, such division shall notify the licensing 40 41 officer and the executive department, division of state police, Albany, 42 of any criminal record of the applicant filed therein subsequent to the 43 search of its files. A second standard card, or the one supplied by the 44 federal bureau of investigation, as the case may be, shall be forwarded 45 to that bureau at Washington with a request that the files of the bureau 46 be searched and notification of the results of the search be made to the 47 investigating police authority. [The failure or refusal of the federal 48 bureau of investigation to make the fingerprint check provided for in 49 this section shall not constitute the sole basis for refusal to issue a permit pursuant to the provisions of this section.] Of the remaining two 50 51 fingerprint cards, one shall be filed with the executive department, 52 division of state police, Albany, within ten days after issuance of the 53 license, and the other remain on file with the investigating police 54 authority. No such fingerprints may be inspected by any person other 55 than a peace officer, who is acting pursuant to his special duties, or a police officer, except on order of a judge or justice of a court of

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1 record either upon notice to the licensee or without notice, as the 2 judge or justice may deem appropriate. Upon completion of the investigation, the police authority shall report the results to the licensing 4 officer without unnecessary delay.

Filing of approved applications. (A) The application for any 6 license, if granted, shall be filed by the licensing officer with the 7 clerk of the county of issuance, except that in the city of New York and, in the counties of Nassau and Suffolk, the licensing officer shall designate the place of filing in the appropriate division, bureau or unit of the police department thereof, and in the county of Suffolk the 10 11 county clerk is hereby authorized to transfer all records or applications relating to firearms to the licensing authority of that 12 13 EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPHS (B) THROUGH (F) OF THIS SUBDIVI-SION, THE name and address of any person to whom an application for any 14 15 license has been granted shall be a public record. Upon application by a 16 licensee who has changed his place of residence such records or applica-17 tions shall be transferred to the appropriate officer at the licensee's new place of residence. A duplicate copy of such application shall be 18 19 filed by the licensing officer in the executive department, division of 20 state police, Albany, within ten days after issuance of the license. 21 SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE MAY DESIGNATE THAT SUCH APPLICATION SHALL BE TRANSMITTED TO THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE ELECTRONICALLY. 22 EVENT THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE DETERMINES 24 THAT IT LACKS ANY OF THE RECORDS REQUIRED TO BE FILED WITH THE DIVISION, 25 IT MAY REQUEST THAT SUCH RECORDS BE PROVIDED TO IT BY THE APPROPRIATE 26 DEPARTMENT OR AUTHORITY AND SUCH CLERK, DEPARTMENT OR AUTHORITY SHALL PROVIDE THE DIVISION WITH SUCH RECORDS. IN THE EVENT SUCH CLERK, 27 28 DEPARTMENT OR AUTHORITY LACKS SUCH RECORDS, THE DIVISION MAY REQUEST THE LICENSE HOLDER PROVIDE INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO CONSTITUTE SUCH RECORD 29 30 AND SUCH LICENSE HOLDER SHALL PROVIDE THE DIVISION WITH SUCH INFORMA-SUCH INFORMATION SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE LICENSE HOLDER'S NAME, 31 32 DATE OF BIRTH, GENDER, RACE, RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 33 FIREARMS POSSESSED BY SAID LICENSE HOLDER. Nothing in this subdivi-34 sion shall be construed to change the expiration date or term of 35 if otherwise provided for in law. RECORDS ASSEMBLED COLLECTED FOR PURPOSES OF INCLUSION IN THE DATABASE ESTABLISHED BY 36 SECTION SHALL BE RELEASED PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER. RECORDS ASSEMBLED OR COLLECTED FOR PURPOSES OF INCLUSION IN THE DATABASE CREATED 38 39 SECTION 400.02 OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC OFFICERS LAW. 40

(B) EACH APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) 41 42 SUBDIVISION SHALL INCLUDE, ON A SEPARATE WRITTEN FORM PREPARED BY THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE 43 CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN, WHICH AMENDED 45 AND PROVIDED TO THE APPLICANT AT THE SAME TIME AND IN THE SAME 46 MANNER AS THE APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE, AN OPPORTUNITY FOR THE 47 REQUEST AN EXCEPTION FROM HIS OR HER APPLICATION INFORMATION 48 BECOMING PUBLIC RECORD PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. 49 FORMS, WHICH SHALL ALSO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO INDIVIDUALS WHO HAD APPLIED FOR OR BEEN GRANTED A LICENSE PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE 50 51 CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH AMENDED THIS SECTION, SHALL NOTIFY APPLICANTS THAT, UPON DISCOVERY THAT AN APPLICANT KNOWINGLY 52 PROVIDED FALSE INFORMATION, SUCH APPLICANT MAY BE SUBJECT TO PENALTIES 53 54 PURSUANT TO SECTION 175.30 OF THIS CHAPTER, AND FURTHER, THAT HIS OR HER 55 REQUEST FOR AN EXCEPTION SHALL BE NULL AND VOID, PROVIDED THAT WRITTEN NOTICE CONTAINING SUCH DETERMINATION IS PROVIDED TO THE APPLICANT.

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- 1 FURTHER, SUCH FORMS SHALL PROVIDE EACH APPLICANT AN OPPORTUNITY TO SPEC-
- THE GROUNDS ON WHICH HE OR SHE BELIEVES HIS OR HER APPLICATION
- INFORMATION SHOULD NOT BE PUBLICLY DISCLOSED. THESE GROUNDS, WHICH SHALL
- BE IDENTIFIED ON THE APPLICATION WITH A BOX BESIDE EACH FOR CHECKING, AS APPLICABLE, BY THE APPLICANT, SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:
- 6 THE APPLICANT'S LIFE OR SAFETY MAY BE ENDANGERED BY DISCLOSURE BECAUSE: 7
- 8 (A) THE APPLICANT IS AN ACTIVE OR RETIRED POLICE OFFICER, PEACE OFFI-CER, PROBATION OFFICER, PAROLE OFFICER, OR CORRECTIONS OFFICER;
- 10 THE APPLICANT IS A PROTECTED PERSON UNDER A CURRENTLY VALID ORDER 11 OF PROTECTION;
- 12 (C) THE APPLICANT IS OR WAS A WITNESS IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING INVOLV-13 ING A CRIMINAL CHARGE;
- 14 (D) THE APPLICANT IS PARTICIPATING OR PREVIOUSLY PARTICIPATED AS A 15 JUROR IN A CRIMINAL PROCEEDING, OR IS OR WAS A MEMBER OF A GRAND JURY; 16 OR
- 17 (E) THE APPLICANT IS A SPOUSE, DOMESTIC PARTNER OR HOUSEHOLD MEMBER OF A PERSON IDENTIFIED IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH OR SUBPARAGRAPH 18 19 PARAGRAPH, SPECIFYING WHICH SUBPARAGRAPH OR SUBPARAGRAPHS AND CLAUSES 20 APPLY.
- 21 (II) THE APPLICANT HAS REASON TO BELIEVE HIS OR HER LIFE OR SAFETY MAY 22 BE ENDANGERED BY DISCLOSURE DUE TO REASONS STATED BY THE APPLICANT.
- (III) THE APPLICANT HAS REASON TO BELIEVE HE OR SHE MAY BE SUBJECT 23 24 UNWARRANTED HARASSMENT UPON DISCLOSURE OF SUCH INFORMATION.
- 25 EACH FORM PROVIDED FOR RECERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (B) 26 OF SUBDIVISION TEN OF THIS SECTION SHALL INCLUDE AN OPPORTUNITY FOR APPLICANT TO REQUEST AN EXCEPTION FROM THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON SUCH 27 28 FORM BECOMING PUBLIC RECORD PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVI-SUCH FORMS SHALL NOTIFY APPLICANTS THAT, UPON DISCOVERY THAT AN 29 30 APPLICANT KNOWINGLY PROVIDED FALSE INFORMATION, SUCH APPLICANT MAY PENALTIES PURSUANT TO SECTION 175.30 OF THIS CHAPTER, AND 31 32 FURTHER, THAT HIS OR HER REQUEST FOR AN EXCEPTION SHALL BE NULL VOID, PROVIDED THAT WRITTEN NOTICE CONTAINING SUCH DETERMINATION IS 33 34 PROVIDED TO THE APPLICANT. FURTHER, SUCH FORMS SHALL PROVIDE EACH 35 APPLICANT AN OPPORTUNITY TO EITHER DECLINE TO REQUEST THE GRANT OR CONTINUATION OF AN EXCEPTION, OR SPECIFY THE GROUNDS ON WHICH HE OR SHE 36 BELIEVES HIS OR HER INFORMATION SHOULD NOT BE PUBLICLY DISCLOSED. THESE GROUNDS, WHICH SHALL BE IDENTIFIED IN THE APPLICATION WITH A BOX BESIDE 38 39 EACH FOR CHECKING, AS APPLICABLE, BY THE APPLICANT, SHALL BE THE SAME AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION. 40
- INFORMATION SUBMITTED ON THE FORMS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF 41 42 THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE EXCEPTED FROM DISCLOSURE AND MAINTAINED BY THE 43 ENTITY RETAINING SUCH INFORMATION SEPARATE AND APART FROM ALL OTHER 44 RECORDS.
- 45 UPON RECEIVING A REQUEST FOR EXCEPTION FROM DISCLOSURE, THE (I) 46 LICENSING OFFICER SHALL GRANT SUCH EXCEPTION, UNLESS THE REQUEST 47 DETERMINED TO BE NULL AND VOID, PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (B) OR (C) OF THIS 48 SUBDIVISION.
- 49 (II) A REQUEST FOR AN EXCEPTION FROM DISCLOSURE MAY BE SUBMITTED AT ANY TIME, INCLUDING AFTER A LICENSE OR RECERTIFICATION HAS BEEN GRANTED. 50
- 51 (III) IF AN EXCEPTION IS SOUGHT AND GRANTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH
- THE APPLICATION INFORMATION SHALL NOT BE PUBLIC 52 OF THIS SUBDIVISION,
- 53 RECORD, UNLESS THE REQUEST IS DETERMINED TO BE NULL AND VOID.
- EXCEPTION IS SOUGHT AND GRANTED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDI-
- INFORMATION CONCERNING SUCH RECERTIFICATION APPLICATION VISION, $_{
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1 SHALL NOT BE PUBLIC RECORD, UNLESS THE REQUEST IS DETERMINED TO BE NULL

2 AND NOTE.

- (F) THE INFORMATION OF LICENSEES OR APPLICANTS FOR A LICENSE SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED TO THE PUBLIC DURING THE FIRST ONE HUNDRED TWENTY DAYS FOLLOWING THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND WHICH AMENDED THIS SECTION. AFTER SUCH PERIOD, THE INFORMA-TION OF THOSE WHO HAD APPLIED FOR OR BEEN GRANTED A LICENSE PRIOR TO THE PREPARATION OF THE FORM FOR REQUESTING AN EXCEPTION, PURSUANT TO PARA-GRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, MAY BE RELEASED ONLY IF SUCH INDIVIDUALS DID NOT FILE A REQUEST FOR SUCH AN EXCEPTION DURING THE FIRST SIXTY DAYS FOLLOWING SUCH PREPARATION; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO INFORMATION APPLICATION FOR LICENSURE OR RECERTIFICATION SHALL BE CONTAINED IN AN DISCLOSED BY AN ENTITY THAT HAS NOT COMPLETED PROCESSING ANY REQUESTS RECEIVED DURING SUCH SIXTY DAYS.
- IF A REQUEST FOR AN EXCEPTION IS DETERMINED TO BE NULL AND VOID 15 16 PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (B) OR (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AN APPLICANT REVIEW OF SUCH DETERMINATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SEVENTY-EIGHT 17 OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAWS AND RULES. SUCH PROCEEDING MUST COMMENCE 18 WITHIN THIRTY DAYS AFTER SERVICE OF THE WRITTEN NOTICE CONTAINING THE 19 20 ADVERSE DETERMINATION. NOTICE OF THE RIGHT TO COMMENCE SUCH A PETITION, PERIOD THEREFOR, SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE NOTICE OF THE 21 TIME 22 DETERMINATION. DISCLOSURE FOLLOWING SUCH A PETITION SHALL NOT PRIOR TO THE DISPOSITION OF SUCH REVIEW. 23
- 24 License: amendment. Elsewhere than in the city of New York, a 25 person licensed to carry or possess a pistol or revolver may apply 26 time to his OR HER licensing officer for amendment of his OR HER 27 license to include one or more such weapons or to cancel weapons held 28 under license. If granted, a record of the amendment describing the weapons involved shall be filed by the licensing officer in the execu-29 tive department, division of state police, Albany. THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE MAY AUTHORIZE THAT SUCH AMENDMENT BE COMPLETED AND TRANS-31 32 MITTED TO THE STATE POLICE IN ELECTRONIC FORM. Notification of 33 change of residence shall be made in writing by any licensee within ten 34 days after such change occurs, and a record of such change shall 35 inscribed by such licensee on the reverse side of his OR HER license. 36 Elsewhere than in the city of New York, and in the counties of Nassau and Suffolk, such notification shall be made to the executive depart-38 ment, division of state police, Albany, and in the city of New York 39 the police commissioner of that city, and in the county of Nassau to the police commissioner of that county, and in the county of Suffolk to the 40 licensing officer of that county, who shall, within ten days after such 41 42 notification shall be received by him OR HER, give notice in writing of 43 such change to the executive department, division of state police, 44 Albany.
- 45 License: expiration, certification and renewal. (A) Any license 46 for gunsmith or dealer in firearms and, in the city of New York, 47 license to carry or possess a pistol or revolver, issued at any time pursuant to this section or prior to the first day of July, nineteen 48 sixty-three and not limited to expire on an earlier date fixed 50 in the license, shall expire not more than three years after the date of 51 issuance. In the counties of Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester, 52 license to carry or possess a pistol or revolver, issued at any time 53 pursuant to this section or prior to the first day of July, hundred sixty-three and not limited to expire on an earlier date fixed in the license, shall expire not more than five years after the date of issuance; however, in the county of Westchester, any such license shall

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1 be certified prior to the first day of April, two thousand, in accordance with a schedule to be contained in regulations promulgated by the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services, license shall be recertified every five years thereafter. For purposes of this section certification shall mean that the licensee shall provide to the licensing officer the following information only: 7 current name, date of birth, current address, and the make, model, caliber and serial number of all firearms currently possessed. Such certification information shall be filed by the licensing officer in the same 10 manner as an amendment. Elsewhere than in the city of New York and 11 counties of Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester, any license to carry or 12 possess a pistol or revolver, issued at any time pursuant to this 13 section or prior to the first day of July, nineteen hundred sixty-three and not previously revoked or cancelled, shall be in force and effect 14 15 until revoked as herein provided. Any license not previously cancelled 16 or revoked shall remain in full force and effect for thirty days beyond 17 stated expiration date on such license. Any application to renew a license that has not previously expired, been revoked or cancelled shall 18 19 thereby extend the term of the license until disposition of the application by the licensing officer. In the case of a license for gunsmith 20 dealer in firearms, in counties having a population of less than two 21 22 hundred thousand inhabitants, photographs and fingerprints shall submitted on original applications and upon renewal thereafter only at six year intervals. Upon satisfactory proof that a currently valid 25 license has been despoiled, lost or otherwise removed from the 26 possession of the licensee and upon application containing an additional 27 photograph of the licensee, the licensing officer shall issue a dupli-28 cate license.

29 (B) ALL LICENSEES SHALL BE RECERTIFIED TO THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE 30 EVERY FIVE YEARS THEREAFTER. ANY LICENSE ISSUED BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN 31 THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE RECERTIFIED BY THE LICENSEE ON OR BEFORE JANUARY 32 THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, AND NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR PRIOR TO 33 SUCH DATE, THE STATE POLICE SHALL SEND A NOTICE TO ALL LICENSE HOLDERS 34 35 WHO HAVE NOT RECERTIFIED BY SUCH TIME. SUCH RECERTIFICATION SHALL BE IN A FORM AS APPROVED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE, 36 WHICH SHALL REQUEST THE LICENSE HOLDER'S NAME, DATE OF BIRTH, GENDER, RACE, RESIDEN-TIAL ADDRESS, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, FIREARMS POSSESSED BY SUCH LICENSE 38 EMAIL ADDRESS AT THE OPTION OF THE LICENSE HOLDER AND AN AFFIR-39 40 MATION THAT SUCH LICENSE HOLDER IS NOT PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING THE FORM MAY BE IN AN ELECTRONIC FORM IF SO DESIGNATED BY THE 41 FIREARMS. 42 SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE. FAILURE TO RECERTIFY SHALL ACT 43 REVOCATION OF SUCH LICENSE. IF THE NEW YORK STATE POLICE DISCOVER AS A RESULT OF THE RECERTIFICATION PROCESS THAT A LICENSEE FAILED TO 45 A CHANGE OF ADDRESS, THE NEW YORK STATE POLICE SHALL NOT REQUIRE THE 46 LICENSING OFFICER TO REVOKE SUCH LICENSE.

47 11. License: revocation and suspension. (A) The conviction of a licen-48 see anywhere of a felony or serious offense OR A LICENSEE AT ANY TIME 49 BECOMING INELIGIBLE TO OBTAIN A LICENSE UNDER THIS SECTION shall operate as a revocation of the license. A license may be revoked or suspended as 50 provided for in section 530.14 of the criminal procedure law or section eight hundred forty-two-a of the family court act. Except for a license 52 53 issued pursuant to section 400.01 of this article, a license may be revoked and cancelled at any time in the city of New York, and counties of Nassau and Suffolk, by the licensing officer, and elsewhere than in the city of New York by any judge or justice of a court of

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record; a license issued pursuant to section 400.01 of this article may be revoked and cancelled at any time by the licensing officer or any judge or justice of a court of record. The official revoking a license shall give written notice thereof without unnecessary delay to the executive department, division of state police, Albany, and shall also notify immediately the duly constituted police authorities of the locality.

- (B) WHENEVER THE DIRECTOR OF COMMUNITY SERVICES OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE MAKES A REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 9.46 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW, THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES SHALL CONVEY SUCH INFORMATION, WHENEVER IT DETERMINES THAT THE PERSON NAMED IN THE REPORT POSSESSES A LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, TO THE APPROPRIATE LICENSING OFFICIAL, WHO SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER SUSPENDING OR REVOKING SUCH LICENSE.
- 13 IN ANY INSTANCE IN WHICH A PERSON'S LICENSE IS SUSPENDED OR REVOKED UNDER PARAGRAPH (A) OR (B) OF THIS 14 SUBDIVISION, SUCH PERSON 15 SHALL SURRENDER SUCH LICENSE TO THE APPROPRIATE LICENSING OFFICIAL AND 16 ANY AND ALL FIREARMS, RIFLES, OR SHOTGUNS OWNED OR POSSESSED BY 17 PERSON SHALL BE SURRENDERED TO AN APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY AS 18 PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (F) OF PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION A 19 SECTION 265.20 OF THIS CHAPTER. IN THE EVENT SUCH LICENSE, FIREARM, 20 SHOTGUN, OR RIFLE IS NOT SURRENDERED, SUCH ITEMS SHALL BE REMOVED POLICE OFFICER OR PEACE OFFICER ACTING 21 NUISANCE AND ANY 22 PURSUANT TO HIS OR HER SPECIAL DUTIES IS AUTHORIZED TO REMOVE ALL SUCH WEAPONS.
- 23 24 Records required of gunsmiths and dealers in firearms. Any person 25 licensed as gunsmith or dealer in firearms shall keep a record book as to form, except in the city of New York, by the superinten-26 27 dent of state police. In the record book shall be entered at the time of 28 every transaction involving a firearm the date, name, age, occupation 29 and residence of any person from whom a firearm is received or to whom a 30 firearm is delivered, and the calibre, make, model, manufacturer's name 31 and serial number, or if none, any other distinguishing number or 32 tification mark on such firearm. Before delivering a firearm to any 33 person, the licensee shall require him to produce either a license valid 34 under this section to carry or possess the same, or proof of lawful 35 authority as an exempt person pursuant to section 265.20. In addition, 36 before delivering a firearm to a peace officer, the licensee shall verify that person's status as a peace officer with the division of state 38 After completing the foregoing, the licensee shall remove and 39 retain the attached coupon and enter in the record book the date of such 40 license, number, if any, and name of the licensing officer, in the case 41 the holder of a license to carry or possess, or the shield or other 42 number, if any, assignment and department, unit or agency, in the case 43 of an exempt person. The original transaction report shall be forwarded 44 the division of state police within ten days of delivering a firearm 45 to any person, and a duplicate copy shall be kept by the licensee. 46 SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE MAY DESIGNATE THAT SUCH RECORD SHALL BE 47 COMPLETED AND TRANSMITTED IN ELECTRONIC FORM. A DEALER MAY BE GRANTED A 48 WAIVER FROM TRANSMITTING SUCH RECORDS IN ELECTRONIC FORM IF THE 49 DETERMINES THAT SUCH DEALER IS INCAPABLE OF SUCH TRANSMISSION DUE TO TECHNOLOGICAL LIMITATIONS THAT ARE NOT REASONABLY 50 WITHIN 51 THE DEALER, OR OTHER EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES DEMONSTRATED 52 BY THE DEALER, PURSUANT TO A PROCESS ESTABLISHED IN REGULATION, 53 THE DISCRETION OF THE SUPERINTENDENT. RECORDS ASSEMBLED OR COLLECTED FOR 54 PURPOSES OF INCLUSION IN THE DATABASE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.02 55 ARTICLE SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC OFFICERS LAW. The record book shall be maintained on

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the premises mentioned and described in the license and shall be open at all reasonable hours for inspection by any peace officer, acting pursuant to his special duties, or police officer. In the event of cancellation or revocation of the license for gunsmith or dealer in firearms, or discontinuance of business by a licensee, such record book shall be immediately surrendered to the licensing officer in the city of New York, and in the counties of Nassau and Suffolk, and elsewhere in the state to the executive department, division of state police.

9 15. Any violation by any person of any provision of this section is a 10 class A misdemeanor.

REGISTRATION. (A) AN OWNER OF A WEAPON DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (E) 11 OR (F) OF SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF SECTION 265.00 OF 12 THIS 13 POSSESSED BEFORE THE DATE OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH, MUST MAKE 14 15 APPLICATION TO REGISTER SUCH WEAPON WITH THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE 16 POLICE, IN THE MANNER PROVIDED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, OR BY AMENDING 17 LICENSE ISSUED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION WITHIN ONE YEAR OF THE EFFECTIVE SUBDIVISION EXCEPT ANY WEAPON DEFINED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH 18 THIS 19 (VI) OF PARAGRAPH (G) OF SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF SECTION 265.00 20 THIS CHAPTER TRANSFERRED INTO THE STATE MAY BE REGISTERED AT ANY TIME, PROVIDED SUCH WEAPONS ARE REGISTERED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THEIR 21 22 INTO THE STATE. REGISTRATION INFORMATION SHALL INCLUDE THE REGIS-TRANT'S NAME, DATE OF BIRTH, GENDER, RACE, RESIDENTIAL ADDRESS, 23 24 SECURITY NUMBER AND A DESCRIPTION OF EACH WEAPON BEING REGISTERED. A 25 REGISTRATION OF ANY WEAPON DEFINED UNDER SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF 26 SUBDIVISION TWENTY-TWO OF SECTION 265.00 OR A FEEDING DEVICE AS DEFINED UNDER SUBDIVISION TWENTY-THREE OF SECTION 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER 27 28 SHALL BE TRANSFERABLE, PROVIDED THAT THE SELLER NOTIFIES THE POLICE WITHIN SEVENTY-TWO HOURS OF THE TRANSFER AND THE BUYER PROVIDES 29 30 THE STATE POLICE WITH INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO CONSTITUTE SECTION. SUCH REGISTRATION SHALL NOT BE VALID IF SUCH 31 UNDER THIS 32 REGISTRANT IS PROHIBITED OR BECOMES PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM 33 PURSUANT TO STATE OR FEDERAL LAW. THE SUPERINTENDENT SHALL DETERMINE 34 SUCH REGISTRANT IS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING A FIREARM UNDER 35 SUCH CHECK SHALL BE LIMITED TO DETERMINING WHETH-STATE OR FEDERAL LAW. ER THE FACTORS IN 18 USC 922 (G) APPLY OR WHETHER A REGISTRANT HAS BEEN 36 CONVICTED OF A SERIOUS OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-B 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER, SO AS TO PROHIBIT SUCH REGISTRANT FROM 38 39 POSSESSING A FIREARM, AND WHETHER A REPORT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT SECTION 9.46 OF THE MENTAL HYGIENE LAW. ALL REGISTRANTS SHALL RECERTIFY 40 TO THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE EVERY FIVE YEARS THEREAFTER. 41 42 RECERTIFY SHALL RESULT IN A REVOCATION OF SUCH REGISTRATION.

43 SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE SHALL CREATE AND MAINTAIN AN 44 INTERNET WEBSITE TO EDUCATE THE PUBLIC AS TO WHICH SEMIAUTOMATIC RIFLE, 45 SEMIAUTOMATIC SHOTGUN OR SEMIAUTOMATIC PISTOL OR WEAPON THAT ARE ILLEGAL 46 A RESULT OF THE ENACTMENT OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND 47 THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH, AS WELL AS SUCH ASSAULT 48 ILLEGAL PURSUANT TO ARTICLE TWO HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THIS WHICH ARE 49 CHAPTER. SUCH WEBSITE SHALL CONTAIN INFORMATION TO ASSIST THE PUBLIC 50 RECOGNIZING THE RELEVANT FEATURES PROSCRIBED BY SUCH ARTICLE TWO HUNDRED 51 SIXTY-FIVE, WELL AS WHICH MAKE AND MODEL OF WEAPONS THAT REQUIRE 52 REGISTRATION.

(C) A PERSON WHO KNOWINGLY FAILS TO APPLY TO REGISTER SUCH WEAPON, AS REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION, WITHIN ONE YEAR OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE CHAPTER OF THE LAWS OF TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN WHICH ADDED THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE GUILTY OF A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR AND SUCH PERSON WHO UNKNOWINGLY

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1 FAILS TO VALIDLY REGISTER SUCH WEAPON WITHIN SUCH ONE YEAR PERIOD SHALL BE GIVEN A WARNING BY AN APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY ABOUT 3 FAILURE AND GIVEN THIRTY DAYS IN WHICH TO APPLY TO REGISTER SUCH WEAPON OR TO SURRENDER IT. A FAILURE TO APPLY OR SURRENDER SUCH WEAPON WITHIN SUCH THIRTY-DAY PERIOD SHALL RESULT IN SUCH WEAPON BEING REMOVED

- 6 BY AN APPROPRIATE LAW ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY AND DECLARED A NUISANCE. 7 THE COST OF THE SOFTWARE, PROGRAMMING AND INTERFACE REQUIRED TO TRANSMIT ANY RECORD THAT MUST BE ELECTRONICALLY TRANSMITTED BY THE DEAL-8 ER OR LICENSING OFFICER TO THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE PURSUANT TO THIS
- 10 CHAPTER SHALL BE BORNE BY THE STATE.
- 11 S 49. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 400.02 to read 12 as follows:
- 13 S 400.02 STATEWIDE LICENSE AND RECORD DATABASE.
- 14 SHALL BE A STATEWIDE LICENSE AND RECORD DATABASE WHICH SHALL BE CREATED AND MAINTAINED BY THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE THE COST OF WHICH 15 16 SHALL NOT BE BORNE BY ANY MUNICIPALITY. RECORDS ASSEMBLED OR COLLECTED 17 PURPOSES OF INCLUSION IN SUCH DATABASE SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC OFFICERS LAW. 18 19 CONTAINING GRANTED LICENSE APPLICATIONS SHALL BE PERIODICALLY CHECKED BY DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES AGAINST CRIMINAL CONVICTION, 20 MENTAL HEALTH, AND ALL OTHER RECORDS AS ARE NECESSARY TO DETERMINE THEIR 21 22 CONTINUED ACCURACY AS WELL AS WHETHER AN INDIVIDUAL IS NO LONGER THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES SHALL VALID LICENSE HOLDER. 24 ALSO CHECK PENDING APPLICATIONS MADE PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE AGAINST 25 SUCH RECORDS TO DETERMINE WHETHER A LICENSE MAY BE GRANTED. ALL STATE 26 AGENCIES SHALL COOPERATE WITH THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, AS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY LAW, IN MAKING THEIR RECORDS AVAILABLE FOR 27 28 SUCH CHECKS. THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, UPON DETERMINING THAT AN INDIVIDUAL IS INELIGIBLE TO POSSESS A LICENSE, OR IS NO LONGER A 29 LICENSE HOLDER, SHALL NOTIFY THE APPLICABLE LICENSING OFFICIAL OF 31 SUCH DETERMINATION AND SUCH LICENSING OFFICIAL SHALL NOT ISSUE A LICENSE 32 OR REVOKE SUCH LICENSE AND ANY WEAPONS OWNED OR POSSESSED BY SUCH VIDUAL SHALL BE REMOVED CONSISTENT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION 33 ELEVEN OF SECTION 400.00 OF THIS ARTICLE. LOCAL AND STATE LAW 34 35 MENT SHALL HAVE ACCESS TO SUCH DATABASE, AS OTHERWISE AUTHORIZED BY LAW,
- 39 50. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 400.03 to read 40 as follows:

PURPOSES OF INCLUSION IN THE DATABASE ESTABLISHED BY THIS SECTION SHALL

PERFORMANCE OF THEIR DUTIES. RECORDS ASSEMBLED OR COLLECTED FOR

41 S 400.03 SELLERS OF AMMUNITION.

BE RELEASED PURSUANT TO A COURT ORDER.

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- 42 1. A SELLER OF AMMUNITION AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-FOUR 43 SECTION 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL REGISTER WITH THE SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE IN A MANNER PROVIDED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT. ANY DEALER IN 45 FIREARMS THAT IS VALIDLY LICENSED PURSUANT TO SECTION 46 ARTICLE SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE SUCH REGISTRATION.
- 47 ANY SELLER OF AMMUNITION OR DEALER IN FIREARMS SHALL KEEP A RECORD 48 BOOK APPROVED AS TO FORM BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE. IN 49 RECORD BOOK SHALL BE ENTERED AT THE TIME OF EVERY TRANSACTION INVOLVING AMMUNITION THE DATE, NAME, AGE, OCCUPATION AND RESIDENCE OF ANY PERSON 50 FROM WHOM AMMUNITION IS RECEIVED OR TO WHOM AMMUNITION IS DELIVERED, AND AMOUNT, CALIBRE, MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND SERIAL NUMBER, OR IF NONE, 52 ANY OTHER DISTINGUISHING NUMBER OR IDENTIFICATION MARK ON SUCH 53 54 THE RECORD BOOK SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE PREMISES MENTIONED AND 55 DESCRIBED IN THE LICENSE AND SHALL BE OPEN AT ALL REASONABLE HOURS FOR

INSPECTION BY ANY PEACE OFFICER, ACTING PURSUANT TO HIS OR HER

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- 1 DUTIES, OR POLICE OFFICER. ANY RECORD PRODUCED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
- TRANSMISSION THEREOF TO ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY SHALL NOT BE
- CONSIDERED A PUBLIC RECORD FOR PURPOSES OF ARTICLE SIX OF OFFICERS LAW.
- 5 3. NO LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE STATE 6 POLICE CERTIFIES THAT THE STATEWIDE LICENSE AND RECORD DATABASE ESTAB-7 LISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 400.02 OF THIS ARTICLE IS OPERATIONAL FOR THE OF THIS SECTION, A DEALER IN FIREARMS LICENSED PURSUANT TO
- SECTION 400.00 OF THIS ARTICLE, A SELLER OF AMMUNITION AS DEFINED
- 10 TWENTY-FOUR OF SECTION 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL NOT SUBDIVISION
- 11 TRANSFER ANY AMMUNITION TO ANY OTHER PERSON WHO IS NOT A DEALER
- 12 DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION NINE OF SUCH SECTION 265.00 OR A AS 13 SELLER OF AMMUNITION AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-FOUR OF
- 265.00 OF THIS CHAPTER, UNLESS: 14
- 15 BEFORE THE COMPLETION OF THE TRANSFER, THE LICENSEE OR SELLER CONTACTS THE STATEWIDE LICENSE AND RECORD DATABASE AND 16 PROVIDES
- 17 DATABASE WITH INFORMATION SUFFICIENT TO IDENTIFY SUCH DEALER OR SELLER,
- TRANSFEREE BASED ON INFORMATION ON THE TRANSFEREE'S IDENTIFICATION DOCU-18
- 19 MENT AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AS WELL
- CALIBRE, MANUFACTURER'S NAME AND SERIAL NUMBER, IF ANY, OF SUCH 20 AMOUNT,
- 21 AMMUNITION;

- 22 (B) THE SYSTEM PROVIDES THE LICENSEE OR SELLER WITH A UNIQUE IDENTIFI-23 CATION NUMBER; AND
- 24 (C) THE TRANSFEROR HAS VERIFIED THE IDENTITY OF THE TRANSFEREE 25 EXAMINING A VALID STATE IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT OF THE TRANSFEREE ISSUED
- THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES OR IF THE TRANSFEREE IS NOT A RESI-26 27 DENT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, A VALID IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT ISSUED BY
- 28 THE TRANSFEREE'S STATE OR COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE CONTAINING A PHOTOGRAPH
- 29 OF THE TRANSFEREE.
- 30 THE DATABASE DETERMINES THAT THE PURCHASER OF AMMUNITION IS 31 ELIGIBLE TO POSSESS AMMUNITION PURSUANT TO STATE AND FEDERAL 32 SYSTEM SHALL:
- 33 (A) ASSIGN A UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER TO THE TRANSFER; AND
 - (B) PROVIDE THE LICENSEE OR SELLER WITH THE NUMBER.
- 35 IF THE STATEWIDE LICENSE AND RECORD DATABASE NOTIFIES THE LICENSEE
- OR SELLER THAT THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE DATABASE DOES NOT DEMON-36 STRATE THAT THE RECEIPT OF AMMUNITION BY SUCH OTHER PERSON WOULD VIOLATE
- 38 18 U.S.C. 922(G) OR STATE LAW, AND THE LICENSEE TRANSFERS AMMUNITION TO
- 39 SUCH OTHER PERSON, THE LICENSEE SHALL INDICATE TO THE DATABASE THAT SUCH
- TRANSACTION HAS BEEN COMPLETED AT WHICH POINT A RECORD OF SUCH TRANS-40
- ACTION SHALL BE CREATED WHICH SHALL BE ACCESSIBLE BY 41 THE DIVISION
- 42 STATE POLICE AND MAINTAINED FOR NO LONGER THAN ONE YEAR FROM POINT OF
- PURCHASE, WHICH SHALL NOT BE INCORPORATED INTO THE DATABASE ESTABLISHED 43 44
- TO SECTION 400.02 OF THIS ARTICLE OR THE REGISTRY ESTABLISHED 45 PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION SIXTEEN-A OF SECTION 400.00 OF THIS ARTICLE. THE
- 46 DIVISION OF STATE POLICE MAY SHARE SUCH INFORMATION WITH A LOCAL
- 47 EVIDENCE OF THE PURCHASE OF AMMUNITION IS NOT
- ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. 48 SUFFICIENT TO ESTABLISH PROBABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT THE PURCHASER HAS
- 49 COMMITTED A CRIME ABSENT OTHER INFORMATION TENDING TO PROVE THE
- 50 OF A CRIME. RECORDS ASSEMBLED OR ACCESSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
- 51 SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC
- 52 OFFICERS LAW. THIS REQUIREMENT OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY (I) IF A
- 53 BACKGROUND CHECK CANNOT BE COMPLETED BECAUSE THE SYSTEM IS NOT OPERA-
- 54 TIONAL AS DETERMINED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE, OR WHERE
- 55 BE ACCESSED BY THE PRACTITIONER DUE TO A TEMPORARY TECHNOLOGICAL
- OR ELECTRICAL FAILURE, AS SET FORTH IN REGULATION, OR (II) A DEALER OR

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- 1 SELLER HAS BEEN GRANTED A WAIVER FROM CONDUCTING SUCH BACKGROUND CHECK IF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE DETERMINES THAT SUCH DEALER INCAPABLE OF SUCH CHECK DUE TO TECHNOLOGICAL LIMITATIONS THAT ARE NOT REASONABLY WITHIN THE CONTROL OF THE DEALER, OR OTHER EXCEPTIONAL CIRCUMSTANCES DEMONSTRATED BY THE DEALER, PURSUANT TO A PROCESS ESTAB-LISHED IN REGULATION, AND AT THE DISCRETION OF SUCH SUPERINTENDENT.
 - THE SUPERINTENDENT OF STATE POLICE CERTIFIES THAT BACKGROUND CHECKS OF AMMUNITION PURCHASERS MAY BE CONDUCTED THROUGH THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM, USE OF THAT SYSTEM BY A DEALER SELLER SHALL BE SUFFICIENT TO SATISFY SUBDIVISIONS FOUR AND FIVE OF THIS SECTION AND SUCH CHECKS SHALL BE CONDUCTED THROUGH SUCH SYSTEM, PROVIDED THAT A RECORD OF SUCH TRANSACTION SHALL BE FORWARDED TO THE STATE POLICE IN A FORM DETERMINED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT.
- 7. NO COMMERCIAL TRANSFER OF AMMUNITION SHALL TAKE PLACE UNLESS 14 DEALER IN FIREARMS OR REGISTERED SELLER OF AMMUNITION ACTS AS 15 LICENSED 16 AN INTERMEDIARY BETWEEN THE TRANSFEROR AND THE ULTIMATE TRANSFEREE AMMUNITION FOR THE PURPOSES OF CONTACTING THE STATEWIDE LICENSE AND 17 RECORD DATABASE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. SUCH TRANSFER BETWEEN 18 19 DEALER OR SELLER, AND TRANSFEREE MUST OCCUR IN PERSON.
- 20 A SELLER OF AMMUNITION WHO FAILS TO REGISTER PURSUANT TO THIS 21 SECTION AND SELLS AMMUNITION, FOR A FIRST OFFENSE, SHALL BE GUILTY OF 22 VIOLATION AND SUBJECT TO THE FINE OF ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND FOR A SECOND OFFENSE, SHALL BE GUILTY OF A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR.
- A SELLER OF AMMUNITION THAT FAILS TO KEEP ANY RECORD REQUIRED PURSUANT 25 TO THIS SECTION, FOR A FIRST OFFENSE SHALL BE GUILTY OF A VIOLATION 26 TO A FINE OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND FOR A SECOND OFFENSE SUBJECT SHALL BE GUILTY OF A CLASS B MISDEMEANOR, AND THE REGISTRATION OF SUCH SELLER SHALL BE REVOKED.
- 29 51. Section 400.10 of the penal law, as added by chapter 531 of the 30 laws of 1984, and subdivision 1 as amended and subdivision 3 as added by chapter 189 of the laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 31
- 32 S 400.10 Report of theft or loss of a firearm, rifle or shotgun.
- 1. (a) Any owner or other person lawfully in possession of: 33 firearm, rifle or, shotgun who suffers the loss or theft of said weapon; 34 35 AMMUNITION AS WELL AS A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN WHO SUFFERS THE LOSS OR THEFT OF SUCH AMMUNITION AS WELL AS A FIREARM, RIFLE OR SHOTGUN; 36 37 OR (III) AMMUNITION AND IS A DEALER IN FIREARMS OR SELLER OF AMMUNITION THE LOSS OR THEFT OF SUCH AMMUNITION shall within twenty-38 39 four hours of the discovery of the loss or theft report the facts 40 circumstances of the loss or theft to a police department or sheriff's 41 office.
 - (b) Whenever a person reports the theft or loss of a firearm, [or], shotgun OR AMMUNITION to any police department or sheriff's office, the officer or department receiving such report shall forward notice of such theft or loss to the division of state police via the New York Statewide Police Information Network. The notice shall contain information in compliance with the New York Statewide Police Information Network Operating Manual, including the caliber, make, model, manufacturer's name and serial number, if any, and any other distinguishing number or identification mark on the weapon.
- 51 2. The division of state police shall receive, collect and file the 52 information referred to in subdivision one of this section. The division shall cooperate, and undertake to furnish or make available to law 53 enforcement agencies this information, for the purpose of coordinating law enforcement efforts to locate such weapons.

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- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section shall be [punishable only by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars] A CLASS A MISDEMEANOR.
- 4 S 52. The penal law is amended by adding a new section 460.22 to read 5 as follows:
- S 460.22 AGGRAVATED ENTERPRISE CORRUPTION.

7 A PERSON IS GUILTY OF AGGRAVATED ENTERPRISE CORRUPTION WHEN HE OR SHE THE CRIME OF ENTERPRISE CORRUPTION AND TWO OR MORE OF THE ACTS 8 THAT CONSTITUTE HIS OR HER PATTERN OF CRIMINAL ACTIVITY ARE CLASS B 10 FELONIES OR HIGHER, AND AT LEAST TWO ACTS ARE ARMED FELONIES AS DEFINED 11 IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FORTY-ONE OF SECTION 1.20 OF THE CRIMI-PROCEDURE LAW OR ONE ACT IS SUCH AN ARMED FELONY AND ONE ACT IS A 12 13 VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 265.17 OF THIS CHAPTER OR ONE 14 ACT IS A CLASS B VIOLENT FELONY AND TWO ARE VIOLATIONS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 265.17 OF THIS CHAPTER. 15

- AGGRAVATED ENTERPRISE CORRUPTION IS A CLASS A-I FELONY.
- 17 S 53. The surrogate's court procedure act is amended by adding a new 18 section 2509 to read as follows:
- 19 S 2509. FIREARMS INVENTORY
- WHENEVER, BY REGULATION, RULE OR STATUTE, A FIDUCIARY OR ATTORNEY OF RECORD MUST FILE A LIST OF ASSETS CONSTITUTING A DECEDENT'S ESTATE, SUCH LIST MUST INCLUDE A PARTICULARIZED DESCRIPTION OF EVERY FIREARM, SHOTGUN AND RIFLE, AS SUCH TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SECTION 265.00 OF THE PENAL LAW, THAT ARE PART OF SUCH ESTATE. SUCH LIST MUST BE FILED WITH THE SURRO-GATE'S COURT IN THE COUNTY IN WHICH THE ESTATE PROCEEDING, IF ANY, IS PENDING AND A COPY MUST BE FILED WITH THE DIVISION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES.
- 28 S 54. Section 18 of chapter 408 of the laws of 1999, constituting 29 Kendra's Law, as amended by chapter 139 of the laws of 2010, is amended 30 to read as follows:
- 31 S 18. This act shall take effect immediately, provided that section 32 fifteen of this act shall take effect April 1, 2000, provided, further, 33 that subdivision (e) of section 9.60 of the mental hygiene law as added 34 by section six of this act shall be effective 90 days after this act 35 shall become law; and that this act shall expire and be deemed repealed 36 June 30, $[\frac{2015}{2}]$ 2017.
- 37 S 55. The education law is amended by adding a new section 2801-b to 38 read as follows:
- 39 2801-B. NEW YORK STATE SCHOOL SAFETY IMPROVEMENT TEAMS. THE GOVER-40 NOR SHALL ESTABLISH NEW YORK STATE SCHOOL SAFETY IMPROVEMENT TEAMS, WHICH MAY BE COMPOSED OF REPRESENTATIVES FROM THE DIVISION OF HOMELAND 41 SECURITY AND EMERGENCY SERVICES, THE DIVISION OF STATE POLICE, THE DIVI-43 SION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE SERVICES, AND THE DEPARTMENT. SUCH NEW YORK 44 STATE SCHOOL SAFETY IMPROVEMENT TEAMS SHALL REVIEW AND ASSESS SCHOOL 45 SAFETY PLANS SUBMITTED, ON A VOLUNTARY BASIS, BY SCHOOL DISTRICTS HAVING A POPULATION OF LESS THAN ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND INHABITANTS, 46 47 BOARDS OF COOPERATIVE EDUCATIONAL SERVICES, AND COUNTY VOCATIONAL EDUCA-48 TION AND EXTENSION BOARDS, AND MAY MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS TO IMPROVE SUCH 49 SCHOOL SAFETY PLANS.
- S 56. Subdivision 6-c of section 3602 of the education law, as amended by section 1 of part A-2 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- 6-c. A. Building aid for metal detectors, and safety devices for electrically operated partitions, room dividers and doors. In addition to the apportionments payable to a school district pursuant to subdivision
- 56 six of this section, the commissioner is hereby authorized to apportion

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1 to any school district additional building aid pursuant to this subdivision for its approved expenditures in the base year for the purchase of stationary metal detectors, security cameras, safety devices for electrically operated partitions and room dividers required pursuant to section four hundred nine-f of this chapter, or other security devices approved by the commissioner that increase the safety of students and 7 school personnel, provided, however, that funds apportioned to school districts pursuant to this section shall not supplant funds for existing district expenditures or for existing contractual obligations of the 10 district for stationary metal detectors, security cameras, partition and 11 room divider safety devices, or security devices. Portable or hand held metal detectors shall not be eliqible for aid pursuant to this subdivi-12 13 sion. Such additional aid shall equal the product of the building aid 14 ratio computed for use in the current year pursuant to paragraph c of subdivision six of this section and the actual approved expenditures 15 16 incurred in the base year pursuant to this subdivision, provided that 17 the limitations on cost allowances prescribed by paragraph a of subdivi-18 sion six of this section shall not apply. The commissioner shall annual-19 ly prescribe a special cost allowance for metal detectors, and security 20 cameras, and the approved expenditures shall not exceed such cost allow-21 ance. The commissioner shall annually prescribe a special cost allowance for partition and room divider safety devices, and the approved expendi-23 tures shall not exceed such cost allowance.

24 B. FOR PROJECTS APPROVED BY THE COMMISSIONER AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE 25 ADDITIONAL BUILDING AID PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION FOR THE PURCHASE OF 26 STATIONARY METAL DETECTORS, SECURITY CAMERAS OR OTHER SECURITY DEVICES 27 APPROVED BY THE COMMISSIONER THAT INCREASE THE SAFETY OF STUDENTS 28 SCHOOL PERSONNEL, PROVIDED THAT FOR PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH SUCH SECURITY 29 OTHER SECURITY DEVICES SHALL BE LIMITED TO ELECTRONIC 30 HARDENED DOORS, AND PROVIDED THAT FOR PROJECTS APPROVED BY THE COMMISSIONER ON OR AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF JULY TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND 31 BEFORE THE FIRST DAY OF JULY TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN SUCH ADDITIONAL 32 SHALL EQUAL THE PRODUCT OF (I) THE BUILDING AID RATIO COMPUTED FOR USE 33 34 IN THE CURRENT YEAR PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION SIX OF 35 SECTION PLUS TEN PERCENTAGE POINTS, EXCEPT THAT IN NO CASE SHALL THIS AMOUNT EXCEED ONE HUNDRED PERCENT, AND (II) THE ACTUAL APPROVED EXPENDI-36 37 TURES INCURRED IN THE BASE YEAR PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION, LIMITATIONS ON COST ALLOWANCES PRESCRIBED BY PARAGRAPH A OF 38 THAT 39 SUBDIVISION SIX OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY, AND PROVIDED FURTHER PROJECTS AIDED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH MUST BE INCLUDED IN A 40 ANY 41 DISTRICT'S SCHOOL SAFETY PLAN. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ANNUALLY PRESCRIBE 42 A SPECIAL COST ALLOWANCE FOR METAL DETECTORS, AND SECURITY CAMERAS, 43 THE APPROVED EXPENDITURES SHALL NOT EXCEED SUCH COST ALLOWANCE.

Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or 45 part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review, the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, 49 paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the controversy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

50 51 S 58. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that: 52 a. Sections one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine, ten, 53 eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, sixteen, seventeen, eightwenty, twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twentynineteen, four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-six-a, twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one, thirty-two, thirty-three, thirty-four,

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- thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-nine, forty, forty-one, forty-one-a, forty-one-b, forty-two, forty-three, forty-five, forty-six, forty-six-a, forty-seven, fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, and fifty-six of this act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall have become a law;
- b. The amendments to subdivision 23 of section 265.00 of the penal law made by section thirty-eight of this act shall take effect on the nine-tieth day after this act shall have become a law, except that the amend-ments made to paragraph (a) of subdivision 23 shall take effect immediately;
- 11 c. The amendments to subdivision 1, paragraph (a) of subdivision 3, 12 and subdivisions 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, and 16-b of section 400.00 of the 13 penal law made by section forty-eight of this act shall take effect one 14 year after this act shall have become a law;
- d. The amendments to subdivision 16-a of section 400.00 of the penal law made by section forty-eight of this act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after this act shall have become a law;
- e. The amendments to sections 400.02 and 400.03 of the penal law made by sections forty-nine and fifty of this act shall take effect one year after it shall have become a law; and
- f. The amendments to subdivision (b) of section 9.47 and sections 9.48 and 9.60 of the mental hygiene law made by sections twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three of this act shall not affect the expiration and repeal of such paragraph and sections and shall be deemed repealed therewith.